Caledonian Mercury.

No. 12,205. EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 12. 1799. PRICE SIXPENCE.

On TUESDAY next the 17th c[illegible] there will be
AN ASSEMBLY AT [illegible]
The doors to open at six, and Dancing to [illegible] at seven o'clock.

Ladies tickets to be had of the Members as usual. Gentlemen's tickets issued at the Shop of Mr William Reid, bookseller on the Shore, Leith, at 3s. each, on producing an order from a Subscriber. No tickets given out, or money taken at the door.

FOUND,

On the 8th ultimo, in a Chaise belonging to Mr Robert Whitfield, of the Phœnix Inn, in Morpeth,

A SMALL PARCEL of PAPERS, in which was a Scotch Bank Note.—Whoever has lost the same, may have it again, by applying to Mr Whitfield, and proving it to be their Property.

CHINA.

There is to be SOLD by by public roup, by judicial authority, in Laurie's (formerly Bernard's) Rooms, Thistle Street, on Saturday the 14th day of December 1799, at twelve o'clock noon,

SEVERAL Sets of Real Indian Table and Ornamental CHINA.

JAMES BURN,

No. 24, east side, South Bridge Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public, he is lately arrived from London, with a neat assortment of Printed Cottons, India Muslins, Modes, Laces, Edgings, Straw Hats, Stockings, Silk and Cotton Gloves, Silk Handkerchiefs. Also, a few fashionable Shott Sarsnets for Ladies Dresses, which will be sold on very low terms: particularly, Black Modes, Laces, Edgings, Muffs and Tippets, considerably below the usual prices.

N. B.—To Let, and entered to at Whitsunday, a Tenement of four storeys, with an area, in a centrical situation in the old town, well adapted for a wright's shop or other manufactory. Enquire at J. Burn, as above.

SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES.

WILLIAM URQUHART, No. 12. South Hanover Street, New Town, will commence a SALE of the above articles *(his own Manufacture)*, on Monday first the 16th curt. at Reduced Prices, *for Ready Money only*; consisting of upwards of One Thousnnd Pair of LADIES and GENTLEMEN's SHOES; and a few dozen Gentlemen's BOOTS. The Sale will continue for one month.

*** Just arrived, per the Eliza Packet, an extensive assortment of HUSSAR and BROWN TEAP'D BOOTS; Dress and Walking SHOES, from Mr George Hobby, St James's Street, London.

EDINBURGH, 11th Dec. 1799.

SUGAR, RUM, WINE, AND PIMENTA.

To be SOLD BY AUCTION,

WIthin the Assembly Rooms, Leith, on Friday the 13th December 1799, at eleven o'clock forenoon—About
500 Hhds. JAMAICA RAW SUGARS,
8 Puncheons of RUM, out of Bond,
60 Bags of PIMENTA, and
10 Pipes of PORT WINE.

Samples to be seen at the counting-house of
WM. SIBBALD & CO.

ON SALE,

STETTIN, Pipe, Hogshead, and Puncheon STAVES;
American White Oak Barrel ditto;
Do. Pot and Pearl ASHES;
Best Greenland WHALE OIL;—and
A Vatt Triple-Crown HAMBURGH YARN.
Apply to WILLIAM ALLAN, Leith.

TO BE SOLD,

SOME SHARES of the STOCK of the BANK OF SCOTLAND.
Apply to Archibald and John Tods, Writers to the Signet.

CANAL STOCK.

To be SOLD by public roup, for behoof of creditors, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, upon Wednesday the 15th day of January 1800, betwixt the hours of one and two afternoon,

TEN SHARES of the ORIGINAL CRINAN CANAL STOCK.

As the above Shares must be peremptorily sold off, for the encouragement of intending purchasers they will be exposed at the rate of L. 25 per share, being only one half of the original subscription paid in January 1793.

For particulars, apply to John Willis, No. 1. North St James's Street.

NEW CORDAGE FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by public roup, at the warehouse of Charles Cowan and Co. Leith, on Thursday the 19th December current, at twelve o'clock noon,

ABOUT Two and a Half Tons of new [illegible] well-manufactured TAR'D CORDAGE, from one and a fourth to four and a fourth inches, which will be exposed in whole or in lots, as intending purchasers may incline.

The cordage may be seen on applying as above, and samples thereof lie with Archibald M'Guffie, Esq. Greenock.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

THE Copartnership in the Manufacture of Thread, Checks, and Candle-wicks, carried on by John Reid and William Yeoman in New Langholm, and George Irving in Old Langholm, under the firm of REID, YEOMAN, & CO. was, by mutual consent, DISSOLVED, on the 2d day of December 1799; and the trade in these articles is now carried on at Langholm by the said John Reid and George Irving, under the firm of REID and IRVING.
Signed, JOHN REID,
GEORGE IRVING.

TO THE PUBLIC.

JAMES SAYER, late Groom to the Earl of Eglinton, and formerly with Mr Garden of Troup, and the late Lord Haddo, proposes, for four months from this date, to BREAK IN, such Noblemen and Gentlemens Horses, and others, as may be entrusted to his care, in and about Edinburgh; and may be heard of at his own house, west end of Rose Street, or at Mr Alexander M'Laurin's, Cowgate Port, Edinburgh.

He hopes, from his character and recommendations, to give satisfaction to those who are so good as employ him, by doing every justice to their horses, and they may depend upon having their horses well broke, and made steady and quiet to ride.

Edinburgh, December 7, 1799.

OAK WOODS.

To be SOLD by public roup, in the Inn at Callander in Monteith, on Wednesday the 8th day of January next,

THE OAK, ASH, and other WOODS on the Farms of Cuilt, Stronslanie, and Woodend, in the parish of Balquhidder, and county of Perth.

Alexander Maclaren at Auchleskine, will show the Woods; and the articles of roup and conditions of sale may be seen in the hands of Mr Macewen, No. 27, George Street.

NOTICE TO THE HERITORS OF [illegible] PARISH OF ECCLES.

IN the Process of Locality of the Stipend of the parish of Eccles, the Lord Dunsinan, Ordinary, by interlocutor dated the 4th day of December curt. ordained the whole Heritors of said parish to produce the rights to their Teinds in the Clerk's hand, betwixt and the 4th day of January next, with certification, that those failing, would be localled upon as having no right thereto.

MAT. SANDILANDS, W. S. Com. Agent.

Edinburgh, December 5, 1799.

STIRLINGSHIRE TURNPIKES—EASTERN DISTRICT.

A General Meeting of the Trustees appointed by the Act of 34th of his present Majesty, "for making and repairing several Roads leading across the County of Stirling," is to be held in Turner's Inn, Falkirk, on Friday 27th December instant, at 12 o'clock noon, when matters of most material importance to the Trust will be brought under consideration.

12th December, 1799.

LITERATURE.

THE under-mentioned VALUABLE and INTERESTING BOOKS have been published, since the commencement of the present winter, by R. PHILLIPS, No. 71. St Paul's Church Yard, and they may be had of all Booksellers.

PUBLIC CHARACTERS of 1799-1800, containing Biographical Memoirs of fifty distinguished living persons, in one large volume octavo, price 9s. in boards. Also the former volume of the same Work for 1798-9, price 8s. 6d. in boards.

The ANNUAL NECROLOGY, consisting of Memoirs of the distinguished persons who died in every part of the world in the years 1797 and 8; and containing also various articles of neglected Biography, in one very large octavo volume, price 10s. 6d. in boards.

TRAVELS through the United States of NORTH AMERICA, the Iroquois and the Canadas, in the years 1796, 7, and 8, by the Duke de la Rochefoucault Liancourt; in two large volumes quarto, price 2l. 14s. in boards.

ROMULUS; or, A Tale of Ancient Times: Translated from the German of A. Lafontaine, by the Rev. P. Will. Two volumes duodecimo, price 8s. in boards.

WALPOLIANA; consisting of original Bon Mots, Apophthegms, Observations on Life and Literature, with extracts from unpublished letters of the late Horace Walpole, Earl of Orford; in two elegant volumes, foolscape octavo, price 9s. in boards.

BIOGRAPHICAL MEMOIRS of Two Hundred of the FOUNDERS of the FRENCH REPUBLIC, and of the Actors in the course of the Revolution, revised and corrected to the present time. Two volumes duodecimo, price 10s. in boards.

An Authentic Narrative of the DUTCH EMBASSY to the EMPEROR of CHINA, in the years 1794-5, (subsequent to that of the Earl of Macartney) by A. E. Van Braam; in two volumes octavo, price 12s. in boards.

The BRITISH NEPOS, or Mirror of Youth; being select Lives of Illustrious Britons, who have distinguished themselves by their virtues, talents, or remarkable advancement in life written purposely *for the Use of Schools*, on the principle that Example is more powerful and seductive than Precept; by WILLIAM MAVOR, LL. D. Vicar of Hurley, Berkshire; a second edition, in one volume duodecimo, with several plates. Price 4s. 6d. bound.

NATURAL HISTORY for the Use of Schools, founded on the Linnæan arrangement of Animals, with popular descriptions in the manner of Goldsmith and Buffon, *by the Author of the British Nepos*; in one volume duodecimo, embellished with forty-six copper-plates, representing one hundred and fifty objects; price 4s. 6d. bound.

And in a few Days will be Published,

The UNIVERSAL BIOGRAPHICAL and HISTORICAL DICTIONARY, including all ages and countries, by John Watkins, A. M. LL. D. in one very large octavo volume, price Half-a-Guinea.

LETTERS from ITALY, between the years 1792 and 1798, by Mariana Starke, Author of "The Widow of Malabar," "The Tournament," &c. In two volumes octavo, price 14s. boards.

No. 13, *HAY-MARKET, LONDON.*

NEW MUSIC.

PUBLISHED by BRODERIP and WILKINSON, Manufacturers of the Patent Grand and Small PIANO FORTES, with Additional Keys; also of Pedal Harps and Barrel Organs, with Drum and Triangle.

FOR THE PIANO FORTE.			
Mozart's Sonatas, Book 1st of a complete Collection I.,	0	8	0
Ditto, Trios, Book 2d of ditto	0	8	0
Ditto, Sonatas, Book 3d of ditto	0	8	0
Ditto, Quartettos, Book 4th of ditto	0	10	6
Ditto, Sonatas, Books 5th and 6th ditto, each	0	8	0
Ditto, Airs, with Variations, No. 1. to 20, each	0	2	0
Ditto, Waltz's	0	5	0
Ditto, Airs for two Performers, Op. 28.	0	6	0
Ditto, Sonatas for ditto, Op. 34.	0	6	0
Ditto, Air for ditto	0	3	
Nicolai's Three Sonatas, with an Accompaniment, for the Violin, Op. 13.	0	8	0
Ditto Concerto, with Acompaniments, Op. 14.	0	6	0
Haigh's Sonatas, Op. 19.	0	7	6
Dr Forkel's ditto, Op. 6.	0	8	0
Miss Parke's ditto, Op. 1.	0	8	0
Steibelt's Sonata, Op. 32.	0	5	0
Ditto Waltz's, Book 2.	0	5	0
Masi's ditto	0	5	0
The Grand Ballet of Telemaque	0	7	6
Pleyel's Third Concertante	0	4	0
Carolan's Irish Tunes	0	7	6
Looteen's Easy Divertimentos	0	5	0
Dr Clark's Rondo	0	1	6
Lauska's Sonatas, Op. 1, 4, 6, and 7, each	0	3	0
Eberl's Sonata, Op. 6.	0	3	0
'Ecoute Jeannette," Air adapted as Rondo, by G. Masi	0	1	6
"Licas un Jour," Air adapted as Rondo, by G. Masi	0	1	6
"Un beau Matin," ditto, by ditto	0	1	6
"Tink a Tink," ditto, by ditto	0	1	0
The Deserter, a Grand Ballet—(a new edition)	0	5	0
Richer's Hornpipe, as a Rondo	0	1	6
Buonaparte's March	0	1	0
Bristol Volunteers' March	0	1	0
Gyrowetz Notturno, No. 2.	0	4	0
Tepper de Ferguson's Airs, No. 1, 2, and 3, each	0	2	0
Broderip and Wilkinson's 7th and 8th Book of Dances, each	0	3	0
Jarnowich's Waltz's	0	1	0
DUETS FOR TWO PERFORMERS.			
Haydn's Surprize	0	5	0
——— Grand Overture, Op. 76.	0	5	0
HARP MUSIC.			
New and complete Instructions, by Madame Merelle	0	10	6
Krumpholtz' Air, with Variations	0	2	0
Vous L'Ordonnez, with ditto	0	1	0
Les Follies D'Espagne	0	1	6
Heysi's Three Sonatas, Op. 5.	0	7	6
——— One ditto, Op. 14.	0	3	6

PROFIT WITHOUT RISK,

No. 4, CORNHILL,

MANCHESTER, AND EDINBURGH.

THE Public are respectfully acquainted, That ENGLISH TICKETS and SHARES will RISE considerably before the Drawing, and as a Security to those who purchase early,

T. BISH

Engages to RETURN *the difference in Price, or take back the Tickets* (should the price be lower) on the day of Drawing than the present, by which means those who purchase early at his Offices have the double Advantage.—They

MAY GAIN BUT CANNOT LOSE.

The Lottery this year is peculiarly ADVANTAGEOUS for the Public. SIXTY THOUSAND POUNDS may be gained for FIFTEEN GUINEAS, and other Benefits in proportion, as will be seen by perusing the following

GRAND SCHEME.

2	Prizes of	L. 30,000
3	—	20,000
3	—	10,000
4	—	5,000
5	—	2,000
10	—	1,000
10	—	500
16,730	From L. 100 to	18
First Drawn Ticket 20th Day		20,000
First Drawn Ticket 26th Day		30,000

*** *Persons in the Country who wish to have ENGLISH TICKETS or SHARES, may be supplied the same as if Personally present, by sending Cash, Bank Notes, Post-Office Orders, or good Bills at short date, to*

No. 4, CORNHILL, LONDON,
OR
MURRAY & BAXTER,
AT THE
BRITISH FIRE-OFFICE, EDINBURGH.

Tickets and Shares are selling at the above Old Established Offices, in great variety.—Schemes Gratis, and the Money for the PRIZES PAID ON DEMAND.

STOCKINGS.

JAMES CHARLES, next door to the General Post Office, has got to hand his extensive assortment of

WINTER HOSIERY;

Consisting of

SHETLAND HOSE, all kinds; Lambwool, knit and wove; Aberdeen white and coloured knit Hose.

FLEECY HOSIERY in great choice—in Hose, Drawers, Vests, Night Caps, Long and Short Gloves, Ankle and Foot Socks, Travelling Caps, and Feet Baskets.

Also, from the Webb, in any quantity,
LADIES LONG SILK GLOVES,
Coloured and white, a full assortment.
Do. do. of finest Shetland Wool.
Childrens Hose, all sizes.

To the above variety, calculated for the Season, James Charles has much increased his usual assortment of Silk, Cotton, Thread, and Patent Hosiery, in every article, elegant and new, as they drop from the Manufactories in England and Scotland.

UNPARALLELLED BENEFITS

IN THE ENGLISH STATE LOTTERY,

To be gained for only 15l. 15s.—viz.

SIXTY THOUSAND POUNDS,

FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS,
FORTY THOUSAND POUNDS,
THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND POUNDS,
THIRTY THOUSAND POUNDS,
TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND POUNDS,
TWENTY THOUSAND POUNDS,
TEN THOUSAND POUNDS,
FIVE THOUSAND POUNDS;

Besides PRIZES of 2000l. 1000l. 500l. and 16,730 PRIZES from 100l. to 18l.

L. 8 2 will gain Half the above Sums.
4 2 — one Quarter ditto
2 1 — one Eighth ditto
1 1 — one Sixteenth of the above Benefits.

MR NICHOLSON, No. 16. Cornhill, opposite the Bank of England, is selling the TICKETS and SHARES in the greatest variety of Numbers, and recommends to his Friends and the Public an early Purchase, as the Price will certainly advance before the Drawing commences.

Schemes at large gratis.

Orders from the country (post paid) accompanied with Bank Notes, good Bills, Post-Office Orders, or Shares of Prizes, will be executed on the same terms as if personally present; and from the very great and unexampled success that has attended the Purchasers of tickets and shares at the above Office, in the last English and Irish Lotteries, it is requested that those who intend honouring Mr Nicholson with their commands, will be particular in directing to No. 16, Cornhill.

N. B. Very great encouragement will be given to Clubs, Societies, &c.

STAMP-OFFICE, SOMERSET-PLACE,

DECEMBER 3. 1799.

WE, his MAJESTY's COMMISSIONERS for managing the STAMP DUTIES, duly authorised by the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury, pursuant to Act of Parliament, to Let to Farm the Duties granted by "An Act "of the 25th of his present Majesty, on HORSES LET to "HIRE for Travelling Post, and by Time," do hereby give notice, That we intend to LET, *at our Office in Somerset Place*, the said Duties to Farm, on *Tuesday the 7th of January next*, between the hours of ten and twelve in the forenoon, according to the Districts in the statement under-mentioned, and to put the same up at the sums placed opposite to each, for the the term of Three Years from the *1st day of February next*, to such persons as may be willing to contract for the same.

All persons intending to farm the said Duties are to deliver in their proposals to us, at the Stamp-Office in Somerset Place, *at least three days previous to the said 7th day of January next*, signed with their names, stating the places of their abode, and specifying the District for which they intend to bid, or their proposals cannot be proceeded on, as directed by the said Act. No persons licensed to let Horses for the purpose of travelling post, nor any persons for their use, can be admitted to contract for the said duties.

A Statement of the Districts for Farming out Post-Horse &c. Duties.

No.	Districts.	Produce.
1	NORTH BRITAIN	L. 5,274
2	Northumberland, Cumberland, Westmoreland, Durham	3,508
3	Yorkshire	8,106
4	Lancashire, Cheshire, Derbyshire, Staffordshire	7,971
5	Lincolnshire, Nottinghamshire, Leicestershire	6,567
6	Northamptonshire, Rutlandshire, Warwickshire, Oxfordshire	8,564
7	Wiltshire, Worcestershire, Gloucestershire	7,710
8	Norfolk, Suffolk, Essex, Cambridgeshire	8,086
9	Bedfordshire, Buckinghamshire	5,201
10	Huntingdonshire, Hertfordshire	8,045
11	Surrey	5,693
12	Middlesex, including London and Westminster	13,753
13	Kent, Sussex	10,678
14	Hampshire, Berkshire	8,006
15	Devonshire, Dorsetshire, Cornwall, Somersetshire	8,768
16	NORTH WALES, *viz.* Anglesea, Carnarvonshire, Denbeighshire, Flintshire, Merionethshire, Montgomeryshire, with Shropshire	2,637
17	SOUTH WALES, *viz.* Brecknockshire, Carmarthenshire, Cardiganshire, Glamorganshire, Radnorshire, and Pembrokeshire, with Herefordshire, and Monmouthshire	1,296

The above sums are the gross amounts of the Duty arising within each District respectively, for the year ending on the 1st of August 1787.

J. BINDLEY,
E. FAWKENER,
L. JENKINS,
W. R. SPENCER,
W. LAKE.

N. B.—All persons intending to bid for any of these Districts, are desired to take notice, that they will not be put up to sale according to the numerical arrangement in which they stand above; but that the order or selling will be varied, as circumstances shall direct, and not declared previously to the day of sale, for the purpose of encouraging a fair competition, and of defeating the combinations heretofore experienced at the time of bidding to the great prejudice of the Revenue.

FRUIT AND GREEN MARKET CUSTOMS.

THE FRUIT and GREEN MARKET CUSTOMS of the City of Edinburgh are to be SET by public roup till Martinmas next, upon Thursday the 26th current, at one o'clock afternoon, in the Old Justiciary Court House.

A VAGRANT APPREHENDED,

UPON Thursday, the 5th of December current, a BEGGAR WOMAN having gone into several shops in Linlithgow, under pretence of purchasing flannel, the Magistrates, from some suspicious circumstances, thought proper to cause apprehend and search her, when, to their astonishment, was found in different bags fastened about her, no less a sum than 121l. Sterling, all in Silver, One Guinea Note, One Five Shilling Note, and some Halfpence. Upon being examined, she said her name was HELEN ROSS, that she was born in the town of Crail, in Fife, which she left about 12 years ago, and that she has since travelled the whole of the North, the West, and South of Scotland, and had collected every farthing of the money by begging.—Also confessed that she had several times been apprehended, and carried before Magistrates and Justices of the Peace, and imprisoned, and always again set at liberty. Nevertheless, the Magistrates have committed her to prison for further examination, and hereby request, that if any person knows the woman, or that she has come by such a sum of money, or any part of it illegally, they will immediately give information by letter, addressed to the Provost of Linlithgow.

She says she was apprehended and put in prison at Kinross, also by Mr Main of Powislogie, and imprisoned at Alloa.

Not to be repeated.

TO LET FURNISHED

Till Whitsunday,

A SMALL Genteel HOUSE, No. 29. South Castle Street. Rent Two Guineas a-week.

Apply at the House.

A CAPITAL TAVERN AND HOTEL

IN THE CITY OF EDINBURGH.

To be LET, for such a number of years as can be agreed upon, and entered to at Whitsunday next,

THAT Large, Elegant, and Well-frequented TAVERN in the New Assembly Close, known by the name of the *King's Arms*; containing ten good rooms, one of which is 35 feet by 30 feet, with two kitchens, several cellars, water-pipe, and every other conveniency adapted to a large tavern.—As also, the Ball-room adjoining, which was formerly the Edinburgh Assembly Hall, and is much frequented as a place of exhibition and dancing-room, all belonging to the Incorporation of St Mary's Chapel, and presently possessed by Mr John Reid. And if a tenant should incline to keep an Hotel, he may be accommodated with two houses immediately above the tavern, communicating with the same by a good stair, and in which there is an extensive suite of excellent lodging-rooms; and he may likewise have the occasional use of the Incorporation's Hall.

The premisses, about four years ago, were completely fitted up in a very superior stile, and may vie with any tavern in the kingdom for elegance and extent of accommodation; which, added to its easy access and central situation, must render it a most eligible place to any person capable of conducting such an undertaking, on an extensive and advantageous scale.

All the Furniture in the Ball-room, and the greater part of that in the kitchens, belong to the proprietors of the tavern, and the tenant will be accommodated with the use of it.

For particulars apply to Mr John Ross, painter, Castlehill, present treasurer to the said Incorporations.

[illegible] WARRISTON'S CLOSE,

In the City of Edinburgh, to be SOLD.

THAT LODGING or DWELLING-HOUSE, lately the property of the deceased Mr Francis Strachan, writer to the signet, and now possessed by Mrs Anderson, being the third storey of the tenement situated at the foot of Warriston's Close, consisting of six fire-rooms, kitchen, cellar, and other pertinents, will be Sold by public roup, to the highest bidder, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, upon Wednesday the 5th day of February 1800, at one o'clock afternoon.

The purchaser will enter to the possession at Whitsunday next.

For farther particulars apply to Mr Hugh Bremner, accountant, Ramsay Garden, or to Mess. Home and Renton, St David Street.

A HOUSE IN BROWN's SQUARE,

TO BE SOLD.

THAT HOUSE, on the west side of Brown's Square, possessed by James Oswald, Esq. advocate, is to be exposed by public roup, in the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the 29th day of January next, between the hours of one and two o'clock. The House is substantially built, in good repair, and well accommodated with cellars, &c.—and being at no great distance from the College and Parliament House, it will suit equally a man of business or a private gentleman coming to town for the education of his family.

The House to be seen on Tuesdays and Fridays, between the hours of twelve and two.

For further particulars, enquiry may be made at Mr Beveridge, W. S. No. 86, Prince's Street.

HOUSE IN BUCCLEUGH PLACE,

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, on Thursday the 16th day of January, betwixt the hours of six and seven afternoon,

THAT HOUSE, No. 15, possessed by Mrs Crawford, consisting of a lobby, dining-room, drawing-room, and three other rooms upon the parlour flat, and of four rooms, kitchen, and passage on the ground or sunk flat, with two cellars under the pavement, and a piece of ground behind. The house is set for two years after Whitsunday, at the rent of 48l.—There are also a coach house and stable belonging to the premisses, but which are set separately till Whitsunday next, and pay rent in addition to the above.

The premisses belonged to the late Andrew Elliot, Esq. and were fitted up by him in a superior stile.

For particulars apply to Robert Trotter, Esq. W. S.

TO THE ASTHMATIC AND CONSUMPTIVE,

And those affected

WITH COUGHS AND COLDS.

MR CUNDELL most respectfully informs the Nobility, Gentry, and the Public in general, of the unprecedented Cures effected through the Administration of his IMPROVED BALSAM OF HONEY, which must have afforded a happy sensation to those who have derived the Benefit; and as the best recommendation to the future purchase of his Medicine, he begs leave to submit, for their perusal, the following Case, transmitted to him by Mr Robert Dickson, Surgeon, Dumfries.

MR ROBERT DICKSON,

SIR—For the benefit of the afflicted I think proper to inform you, that my son, a lad about 20 years of age, has derived essential benefit by the use of CUNDELL's BALSAM OF HONEY. He had laboured for upwards of five months under a very bad cough, attended with difficulty of breathing, pains in his breast and sides, and was so very much reduced in his strength as to be unable to walk to the door. In this hopeless situation he had recourse to the Balsam—by the use of two bottles he found relief; and by continuing it is perfectly recovered.

I am, Sir,
Shimrighead, Scotland, Oct. 2. 1799. Your most obedient Servant,
ROBERT DINWIDDIE.

CUNDELL's IMPROVED BALSAM OF HONEY,

Is prepared (only) and sold in Bottles of 1l. 6d.; 5s. 5d.; and 2s. 6d. each, by HENRY CUNDELL, No. 47, Minories;

AND BY

J. BAXTER, Italian Warehouse, South Bridge, Edinburgh.

J. Mennons, Glasgow,
A. M'Donald, Glasgow,
Morison and Son, Perth,
J. Allen, Dundee,
J. Anderson, Aberdeen,
Tho. Wright, Stirling,
J. Blyth, Leven,
R. Dickson, Dumfries,
A. Barry, Paisley,
P. Craigie, Montrose,
J. Palmer, Kelso,
J. Dempster, Cupar.

CAUTION.

The Public are particularly requested to ask for CUNDELL's IMPROVED BALSAM OF HONEY, and none can be genuine but what are signed by him at the bottom of each Pamphlet.

LONDON GAZETTE—Dec. 7.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE—December 7. 1799.

Copy of a letter from Admiral Lord Viscount Duncan, Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Ships and Vessels in the North Seas, to Evan Nepean, Esq. dated Yarmouth, the 3d inst.

Sir,

I transmit, for the information of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, a letter from Capt. Dunbar, of his Majesty's sloop Driver, giving an account of his having captured and brought in here this morning Le Barras schooner privateer, belonging to Dunkirk, manned principally with Danes and Swedes.

I am, &c. Duncan.

His Majesty's Sloop Driver, Yarmouth Roads, Dec. 3. 1799.

My Lord,

The early return of his Majesty's sloop under my command to this anchorage, from the service she was employed upon, has been occasioned by my wish to land fifty-seven French prisoners that composed the officers and crew of a very fine schooner privateer Le Barras, of fourteen guns, belonging to Dunkirk, out four days from Ostend, commanded by Citizen Fromentin; which vessel I captured (the Vigilant hired lugger in company) on the 30th ult. ten leagues N. W of the Texel.

I am happy to add she had only made one prize, the Jane of Hull, from Sunderland, with coals for Embden; the master and part of the seamen I found on board the schooner, making in all sixty-seven in number. I have the honour to be, &c.

J. Dunbar.

Admiral Lord Viscount Duncan.

Copy of a Letter from Admiral Lord Duncan, Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Ships and Vessels in the North Seas, to Evan Nepean, Esq. dated Yarmouth Roads, 4th December, 1799.

Sir,

I take great pleasure in transmitting to you, for the information of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, a letter I have just received from Captain Temple, of his Majesty's sloop Jalouse, giving an account of his having captured the French lugger privateer the Fantaisie, belonging to Dunkirk; which I had sent him in quest of on the 24th of last month, and have no doubt the uniform zeal and exertion of this officer will meet with due attention from their Lordships.

I am, &c. Duncan.

His Majesty's Sloop Jalouse at Sea, Nov. 30. 1799.

My Lord,

Yesterday I had the good luck to fall in with the privateer your Lordship sent me in quest of, and after a chace of five hours I captured her; she is a new copper-bottomed lugger, of fourteen guns and sixty men, called the Fantasie, of Dunkirk, and had the day before taken four loaded colliers, close in with Flambro' head; I determined to get towards Ostend, and this day I retook the Sally of Lynn, one of her prizes, the other I have great hopes of falling in with; I feel great pleasure in having rescued four masters and thirty-five British seamen from the horrors of a French prison. The lugger is just refitted, well stored, cost two thousand six hundred pounds Sterling, and I think well calculated for his Majesty's service.

I have the honour to be, &c.

J. Temple.

Right Honourable Lord Viscount Duncan, Commander in Chief, &c. &c.

Copy of a Letter from Vice-Admiral Lutwidge, Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Ships and Vessels in the Downs to Evan Nepean, Esq. dated the 3d inst.

Sir,

I herewith transmit, for the information of my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, a letter I have received from Captain Lloyd, of his Majesty's sloop Racoon, giving an account of his having captured a French lugger privateer of fourteen guns and four swivels.

I have the honour to be, &c. &c. &c.

S. Lutwidge.

His Majesty's Sloop Racoon, Downes, Dec. 3. 1799.

Sir,

I beg leave to acquaint you, that yesterday morning at day-light, Portee E. S. E. I fell in with a French lugger privateer, to which I immediately gave chace, and an hour after I had the satisfaction to capture her; she proves to be Le Vrai Decide, of fourteen guns, four swivels, and fifty men, (nine of whom had been left on shore when she sailed,) commanded by Citizen Desgardri; belongs to Boulogne, out thirty hours, in company with three others, and had not taken any thing. His Majesty's ship Cormorant was in sight, and joined in the chace.

I have the honour to be, &c. &c.

Robert Lloyd.

Skeffington Lutwidge, Esq. Vice-Admiral of the Red, &c. &c.

Copy of a Letter from Vice-Admiral Lutwidge, Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Ships and Vessels in the Downs, to Evan Nepean, Esq. dated the 5th inst.

Sir,

I have the pleasure of transmitting, for the information of my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, a letter which I have received from Captain Lloyd, of his Majesty's sloop Racoon, giving an account of his having captured on the 3d inst. L'Intrepide French privateer, of sixteen guns and sixty men, belonging to Calais. The Racoon anchored in the Downs this morning; and I have the satisfaction of learning from Lieutenant Coxwell, that the wound which Captain Lloyd has received in the head from a half-pike is not dangerous. He also informs me, that soon after the action the Stag cutter joined, and went in pursuit of the brig mentioned in Captain Lloyd's letter.

His Majesty's Sloop Racoon, Dover roads December 4, 1799.

Sir,

I beg leave to acquaint you, that yesterday at ten P. M. Dover north about five or six miles, I observed a lugger board a brig; I soon discovered her to be an enemy, and made all sail in chace; after a running fire of about forty minutes I laid her alongside, when we were received with a smart fire from the cannon and small arms, which was immediately returned with success; finding themselves unable to make any further resistance, bowsprit and foremast gone, they thought fit to strike. She proves to be L'Intrepide, of Calais, mounting sixteen guns and sixty men, quite new, commanded by Citizen Saillard, sailed from Boulogne four o'clock yesterday evening.

I feel myself much indebted to Lieutenant Coxwell (the only commissioned officer I had on board) for the great assistance I received from him, as well as the other officers and men for their attention in obeying my orders. It is with satisfaction I have to state (through Providence) that there is only one man wounded and myself slightly. The privateer has lost thirteen in killed and wounded. I am sorry to state that the brig captured was the Welcombe, from London to Plymouth with malt; and it was out of my power to pursue her as I must have lost my foremast, all my foreshrouds being gone on the starboard side. It gives me particular pleasure to have deprived the enemy of a vessel which they considered the largest and best sailer from Calais; and have the honour to be, &c. Robert Lloyd.

To Skeffington Lutwidge, Esq; Vice-Admiral of the Red, &c. &c. Downs.

Copy of a Letter from Vice-Admiral Lutwidge, Commander in Chief of his Majesty's ships and vessels in the Downs, to Evan Nepean, Esq; dated the 6th instant.

Sir,

Inclosed I transmit, for the information of my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, a letter which I have received from Captain Griffiths, of his Majesty's sloop Atalante, giving an account of his having yesterday morning captured a French lugger privateer, called the Success, with six guns and forty-eight men, after first recapturing the brig Martha of London her prize.

And I am, &c. &c. &c. S. Lutwidge.

Sir, Atalante, at Sea, Dec. 4. 1799.

I have the honour to acquaint you that this morning at half-past eight, I observed a lugger in the S. W. hovering round and boarding a brig, to which I gave immediate chace; finding we came rapidly up, she cast off the tow rope, and at a quarter past eleven, I sent the master in the jolly boat, without heaving-to, to take possession of the brig, left without a soul on board; and continued the chace of the privateer, then four or five miles a-head; at four P. M. in a fair chace, I had the satisfaction to come up with and take her; Le Success, of Boulogne, Francois Mattheieu Blondin master, mounting six carriage guns, and 48 men; six days from Boulogne, and taken nothing else. I found the crew of the prize on board, and learnt her to be the Martha of London, Edward Lewington master, from London, bound to Belfast, laden with sundries, taken by the privateer last night, to the westward of Dungeness.

I have the honour to be, &c. &c. &c.

A. J. Griffiths.

Vice-Admiral Lutwidge, &c.

Commissions in the Tenth (or Edinburgh) Regiment of North British Militia signed by the Lord Lieutenant.

Lieutenant William Murray to be Captain, vice Crawford, resigned. Dated October 25. 1799. Ensign Archibald Armstrong to be Lieutenant, vice D. Wright, resigned. Dated November 25. 1799. Ensign William Carlyle to be ditto, vice Murray, promoted. Dated as above. Ensign David Blount to be ditto, vice Hay, resigned. Dated as above. Ensign William Wilson to be ditto, vice Logan, resigned. Dated as above.

London

DECEMBER 9.

On Thursday last the fleet under the command of Lord Bridport passed Plymouth Sound, standing up Channel for Torbay.

Admiral Mitchell attended on Tuesday at the Admiralty for the first time since his return from the coast of Holland.

On Tuesday Mr Coxe, the messenger, arrived at the Secretary of State's office, with dispatches from his Majesty's ambassador at the court of Petersburgh.

On Thursday Lord Blayney and Colonel Clinton arrived in town; the former from the Islands of Malta and Sicily, and the latter from Marshal Suwarrow's head quarters, which were at that period settled at Augsburgh. It is asserted that they brought dispatches of importance; and it is generally understood, that on the determination of the British cabinet much will depend as to the future operations of the Russian army.

Lieutenant General Hunter, who now commands the troops in Canada, sets out in the spring for his Government of the Upper Province, where he is to reside; and Major General Christie Burton, who was soon expected at Quebec, will command the troops in Lower Canada, under his Royal Highness the Duke of Kent, and have his head-quarters at Montreal.

A British Field officer is at present in this country, commissioned by a great Northern Potentate, to make a very large purchase of the best and most valuable horses which this country affords. Nothing but what is superlatively excellent meets with any degree of attention; but in those cases where they occur, the most liberal price is agreed to, and the money immediately paid.

On the 19th of October the 24th regiment of foot embarked at Quebec, and on the 21st of the same month sailed for Halifax, from whence it is to be sent to England.

The first division of the 34th regiment marched on Tuesday from Pool for Portsmouth, where they are to embark for the Cape of Good Hope. They are a very fine regiment of young men.

Saturday a deputation from the Irish merchants in the export trade waited upon Mr Pitt, by appointment, and represented the difficulties they are subjected to, in the commercial intercourse with that country, owing to the high exchange, which is now 15 instead of 8 per cent. the usual average. The proposition made to the Minister, in order to obviate this inconvenience is, to receive one million of Irish bank notes in our Exchequer at the usual rate of the exchange, which Mr Pitt seemed extremely ready to assent to, but thought that some little premium should be allowed. He requested the merchants would meet him again on Thursday next.

The relief given to the West India merchants is in this way;—a merchant having a number of hogsheads of sugar may have 30l. per hogshead advanced for two months, by drawing on one gentleman payable to another; and these two must shew at the Bank an assignment of the sugar for sale. Thus on 30 hogsheads of sugar he may have a bill for 900l. discounted, and to be twice renewed, if in the interim the sugar shall not be sold.

A letter received from Le Tigre, dated Coast of Caramania, Sept 20, relates her arrival there, to provide wood and water, which could be conveniently obtained in any other part of those seas, and that Captain Commodore Sir Sydney Smith and crew were in perfect health. Our account mentions that Buonaparte, whose retreat from Egypt was unknown on board Le Tigre, had entered into a treaty after the last battle, and been induced to conclude an exchange of prisoners, to the surprize of the Turks, whose system of mercy to persons whom the chance of war had thrown into their possession seldom extended beyond perpetual confinement in the galleys.

This intelligence is further confirmed by a letter from Constantinople, Oct. 25, which, in addition to the generally gratifying report of Le Tigre, adds, that Lieut. Wright, the friend and companion of Sir Sydney in the Temple, who was stated to have died in Syria of the wounds which he received in storming the mines of Buonaparte, was recovered, and returned to his ship, to the great joy of all on board her.

FRANCE.

PARIS,—10 FRIMAIRE,—DEC. 1.

The Commission assembled, under the order of the Consuls, to deliberate upon the question—"Whether it be proper to establish a board of Admiralty in France?" have unanimously decided in the affirmative. The grounds of this decision are:

1. That the two fundamental divisions of the service of the Marine and Colonies, the Military and Administrative Departments, require talents and information particularly appropriated to each; that the knowledge necessary for each ought to be almost constantly combined, in order to produce any good consequence; and that from the union of men well skilled in these two branches of service, may be expected a greater number of useful ideas than any individual has either time or power to conceive, and likewise such combinations in the application of those ideas, as will prevent the improvement of one branch of the service from retarding the improvement or development of the other.

2. That as instability to the plans of service, the mode of administration, laws and regulations, and in the choice of officers, has been one of the principal causes of the defeats of the navy, and the disasters of our colonies, a contrary effect ought to be expected from an order of things guaranteeing permanence of views, regularity of operation, maturity of reflection, and impartial justice, constituting an abundant source of security and emulation for individuals.

3. That the calculation of the funds necessary for the navy, their proper employment, their exact distribution, integrity in the examination of contracts, providence in the collecting of stores, the just application of resources to necessities, the superintendance of the employment of the materials, as well as an attention to the execution of the labour, and every thing connected with order, economy, and the improvement of the naval art, are the necessary and incontestible consequences of the establishment of a Board of Admiralty.

4. That as this establishment will subdivide among several persons having the same end in view, and actuated by the same spirit, the examination of plans, the collection of materials, the details of execution, and the signing of orders and dispatches, all of which devolve at present on one individual, the necessary result must be concert, precision and dispatch in every operation.

5. That, by means of the consideration and confidence which such a Board must create in the public opinion, it is possible to engraft on the Marine certain parts of the judicial order, which, from their connection with the discipline of the fleet, the security of the arsenals, and the great maritime and commercial interests of the Republic, ought to be under the immediate superintendance of a branch of the Executive Authority, having, at its special jurisdiction, the Department of the Marine and Colonies.

Having agreed that there ought to be a Board of Admiralty in France, the Commission, agreeably to the will of the Consuls, has next directed its attention to the basis of such an establishment. It so much the more zealously applied itself to this labour, as it was not ignorant that this principle, capable of producing great advantages, should the Admiralty be organized according to the ideas of the Commission, would produce none at all, and in fact would prove rather injurious than useful, if it confined itself to multiplying the wheels of the naval machine, without completely retempering the main-spring.

The Commission has carefully investigated the different institutions of the English marine, and the administrative systems of other foreign nations. It thinks that France ought, like England, to give the President of the Board of Admiralty, who alone communicates with the Executive Authority, sufficient influence and power to prevent deliberative bodies from, at any time, impeding the rapid progress of the Government in circumstances which demand rapidity, and likewise to prevent the divulging of its secrets.

Every part of the draught which follows, has accordingly been modelled with the positive intention of promoting order, economy, the improvement of existing institutions, stability of determination, and, in short, all the advantages which must necessarily and incontestibly arise from the union of talents and inclinations with the energy and secrecy which certain measures require, and which the unity of the assent and the action can alone guarantee.

The mode of organization which the Commission has unanimously adopted, and which it is now to propose, is the one which, after mature examination, appears to unite all these advantages. This system likewise tends to give the Supreme Maritime Authority that preponderance and dignity requisite for exciting emulation, and restoring the marine to its former lustre and glory. It should be added, that this system of maritime administration can alone oppose an insurmountable barrier to abuse, and the effects of intrigue and favour.

The Commission has not turned its attention to the salaries which ought to be allowed to the president, the other members, and the secretary of this board. That object, it was of opinion, would better form part of the plan of organization for the Admiralty.

Article I. There shall be established a Board of Admiralty in France.

II. This Board shall be composed of a President, six Members, and a Secretary, to be appointed by the Executive Government.

III. The President shall directly communicate with the Executive Authority, receive its orders, and lay them before the Board.

IV. Every question before the Board shall be determined by a majority of votes; the President shall have three votes, except in the cases specified in the 6th and 7th articles, in which he shall have no more than one.

V. The powers vested in the Board shall be the same as those at present exercised by the Minister of Marine and Colonies.

VI. The Board shall be the only tribunal of appeal—all sentences passed by naval and military Courts Martial, and all other Courts instituted, or to be instituted, for trying offences committed in the ports and naval arsenals, in the bays and aboard all ships of war.

VII. It shall determine in the last resort all causes relative to naval prizes.

VIII. The Executive Authority shall appoint a Commissary and two Lawyers to assist the Board in the cases specified in the 6th and 7th articles.

IX. According to the decision of the Board of Admiralty, and except in the cases stated in the following article, two Members shall sign, and the Secretary shall countersign the instructions, orders and dispatches relative to all the military, judicial, scientific, administrative, economical or medical operations in the service of the Marine and Colonies; brevets and commissions of every kind; plans, accounts, and warrants of the generals and subordinate treasurers.

X. When especially authorised by the Executive Authority, the President shall singly sign the instructions given to the commanding or inferior officers of fleets, squadrons, or single ships of war, to the military or civil agents of the Executive Authority in the Colonies, and Commissions for the temporary exercise of any rank or office.

XI. The Board of Admiralty shall organize the officers of the Central Administration of the Marine and Colonies, and appoint the principal and inferior officers in that department.

XII. The Board of Admiralty shall annually cause all the ports, and the different branches of the service in each port, to be inspected by delegates chosen out of the Board itself.

XIII. It may cause every thing connected with its powers in the Colonies, to be inspected by temporary delegates not belonging to the Board.

XIV. The Members of the Board may be appointed by the Executive Authority to the command of fleets. In this case their functions as Members of the Board of Admiralty shall be suspended; but they shall resume them on their return.

XV. The number of the Members of the Board of Admiralty assembled at the seat of Government can never be less than five.

XVI. The General and particular officers, and all officers commanding fleets, squadrons, divisons, or vessels of the Republic, shall render a direct account of their navigation to the Admiralty on their return, or on their going into any port, and on all occasions during their cruize, when the information which they may have procured at sea, shall be of such importance as to require to be transmitted.

XVII. All the Captains of privateers and merchant ships shall transmit the like accounts to the Admiralty, on their return to the Republic, during their stay in foreign ports; and on every opportunity during their voyage, if circumstances require them to dispatch information.

XVIII. All the Directors of the Customs shall likewise render an account, without delay, of the naval stores and commodities which may arrive in their districts from foreign countries, and make the same known to the proprietors or consignees of the said stores and merchandize.

XIX. All letters, dispatches, and accounts, formerly addressed to the Minister of Marine and the Colonies, shall be addressed to the Board of Admiralty, with the exception of directing by this second superscription, to the President alone, communications respecting the Marine and Colonies, invalids, and prizes, bargains, and contracts of every kind, negociations and demands for money, with the modes of application and warrants of payment, grants of leave of absence, letters of marque, and generally, every thing connected with commerce, fisheries, naval discipline, the execution of the laws, and the improvement of naval institutions. These signatures are indispensible to give effect to the orders or dispatches, which, according to the 10th article, cannot be opened but by their President.

BRUIX, SANE,
THEVENARD, J. F. CAUZIN,
LEGER, GAUTHEAUME,
HARAN, PROC-LABOULAYE,
DUMAVOIR-LEPELLEY.

Paris, 6th Frimaire, 8th year.

The dignified liberality which pervades the whole of the British service experienced a return in the case of the first captured of the two Spanish frigates not creditable to that ship. Her crew having represented that they had private ventures on board, were directed by the Captain of the Ethalion to take what belonged to them, in consequence of which some of the petty officers are said to have each carried off to the amount of 2,000 dollars, and that no less than 100,000 were possessed in this way by persons that never had a particle of right in them. A similar application was made by the 2d frigate, but in restoring to the utmost the actual property of the prisoners, care was taken to stop there; the British officers at the same time requesting those of Spain to take from them whatever sums they wanted, and to permit them to make presents to the sailors, both of which the others thought proper to decline.

The dollars which have been brought to the Bank are still the property of the captors, whose agents have demanded a larger price for them than the Bank is disposed to give. It is not unlikely that they will be offered to the merchants in lots.

The body of Mr Wienholt, who was lost on board his Majesty's ship La Lutine, was lately found floating at Bergen, and interred there.

A newly constructed musical instrument (made originally for the late Queen of France,) was brought to Vienna in September last, where its powers attracted the admiration of every lover of music. This instrument is the only one of its kind, in the form of a harpsichord, with metal strings, the sounds of which are raised to a pitch equal to those of an organ, by means of hidden bellows which are kept in motion by strings.—Its tones are far more melodious than any other instrument whatever, bearing a great resemblance to the human voice.

Colonel Cunningham is well enough to attend the theatres; most part of his face is enveloped in black silk, and he can just articulate a negative or affirmative. He appears in excellent spirits, and is generally accompanied by his brother.

CHILD-MURDER.

On Friday evening a Coroner's Inquest was taken at the Plough, in Beaufort-buildings, on view of the body of a male child, supposed to have been murdered.

It appeared, that the mother of the infant had been hired as a servant to Mr Random, of the Strand: that on Tuesday last, Mr Random being about to move from his residence, the family were busy in packing up the furniture: that on the evening of that day their servant exhibited signs of extreme uneasiness and illness; but as she had been very attentive during the day in packing up, it was supposed she might be tired, and was desired to go to bed. On the morning of Wednesday, not leaving her room at the usual time, Mrs Random went up stairs, and discovered her in bed in a very distressing situation. Mrs R. expressed her suspicions that she had been delivered of a child, which she denied; but on Mrs R.'s looking under the bed, she found a bundle, and on opening it, a new-born male child was discovered, bleeding at the nose and ears. The child was at this time living. A surgeon was immediately sent for, but too late to save it; the mother, however, received assistance, and was conveyed to the Workhouse of St Clement Dane's.

On inspecting the child, it was found it had received a cut in the tongue with an edged instrument, and that the blood proceeding down the throat, had produced suffocation. Besides this, there were two marks, one on each side of the throat, apparently as if the infant had been pinched.

On enquiry, the mother had not provided any articles proper for the birth of her child.

The Jury found a verdict of *wilful murder* against the mother.

RECAPITULATION OF THE CAPTURES,

From the different hostile Powers during the War, to the present Month.

What Nation	110 to 120 guns	80 to 84 guns	74 guns	64 to 68 guns	54 to 56 guns	40 to 44 guns	36 to 38 guns	32 guns	28 guns	24 to 26 guns	20 to 22 guns	18 guns	14 to 16 guns	8 to 12 guns	6 guns and under
French	3	12	35	0	1	38	25	12	7	16	29	20	41	21	35
Spanish	2	2	4	0	0	4	3	2	0	0	2	4	6	3	4
Dutch	0	0	3	14	7	10	3	5	2	10	2	2	9	9	12
Total	5	14	42	14	8	52	31	19	9	31	33	26	56	33	51

Of the Line, including Dutch ships of 54 and 56 guns	83
Frigates of 28 to 44 guns	111
Ships of 20 to 26 guns	59
Sloops of War, 14 to 18 guns	83
Cutters, Gun-vessels, &c. 12 guns and under	81

Total, 417 men of war, 701 privateers of all nations.
Grand Total, 1118.

CORN EXCHANGE, LONDON, Dec. 9.

Though the supply of English Wheat at market this day was not very considerable, yet, as the neighbouring country markets are beginning to fill and prices have considerably given way there, our sales were dull at 5s. and 6s. per quarter declension.

Fine Malting Barley is 2s. per quarter dearer, but ordinary qualities have again given way considerably. Prime Malt is 3s. per quarter higher.

We had a considerable supply of New English Oats at market to-day; the sales were very dull at from 5s. to 7s. per quarter declension. Old Corn sold heavily at from about 4s. to 5s. per quarter reduction.

Tick and Small Beans pretty nearly support prices, though the sale is dull; but Boiling Pease are 4s. per quarter cheaper.

Fine Clover Seed must be noted 4s. per Cwt. cheaper, and other sorts still more.

English Wheat,	80	94	0	Fine Flour,	—	80	0
Essex,	95	97	0	Malt,	70	75	0
Barley,	30	42	0	Fine,	—	—	—
Malting,	56	61	0	Old Oats,	40	46	0

STOCKS

BANK STOCK	—	INDIA STOCK	—
3 per cent. con.	—	Long Ann.	17⅞ 15-16
4 per cent. con.	77⅞ ⅞	Short ditto	5⅞ 15-16
5 per cent. ann.	91⅞ ⅞	Omnium	10½

This day, (Dec. 9.) at twelve o'clock.
3 per cent. con. 62⅞ ⅞—Omnium, —
Exchanges on Dublin 14¼

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—DECEMBER 12.

Monday morning arrived the Hamburgh mail.—It brings the official intelligence respecting the surrender of the fortress of Ancona, which we briefly announced on the authority of private letters.

The preceding part of the same paper contains a report of the operations of General Kray, from the 31st of October to the 8th of November, the most material of which has already been mentioned in this paper.

Accounts from Italy say, that the corps of Generals Haddick, Karaiczy, and Rohan, have joined General Kray, who is marching against Gavi, on the road to Genoa.

A letter from Turin states the loss of the French army, in the actions with Generals Melas and Kray, from the 4th to the 8th ult. are 13,000 men. The south of Switzerland is now thought to be in danger of being attacked by the victorious troops under General Melas.

Respecting the final destination of the Russian army in Germany, the accounts vary.

An article from the Lech, (perhaps Augsburg) of the 25th ult. states generally, that the Russian army is in full motion to return to Russia. The departure of Field Marshal Suwarrow, with the head-quarters, was to take place in a few days.

On the other hand, they write from Ratisbon, that Field-Marshal Suwarrow has received counter-orders, and that his army is to march to the Rhine.

A Supplement Extraordinary to the Petersburgh Court Gazette, of the 15th of November, contains the following letter, which proves how far the Cabinets of Vienna and Petersburgh, are, or at least, have been, at variance:

"Taverne, Sept. 9. 1799.

"Lord Mulgrave had repeatedly assured me, that the English Ministry never thought of bringing the troops of your Imperial Majesty into Switzerland, until the Archduke Charles had completely cleared the country of the enemy. He also told me that Baron Thugut had given the most solemn assurance, to the British Minister at Vienna, that the Archduke should on no account quit Switzerland. Yet he deceived him with those assurances, and meanwhile procured the Archduke time to leave Switzerland."

We have by the St Petersburgh Gazette the official relation of Prince Suwarrow, beginning from the 31st of August to the 3d of October, during which period the Russians appear to have surmounted innumerable obstacles.

On the Rhine and Neckar, nothing new has lately occurred.

It is reported at Vienna, say private letters, that negociations for peace have been carrying on for some time past, between the Spanish minister there and Baron Thugut.

It also appears, that the French are again intriguing at Berlin and elsewhere.

Some few Paris papers were received in London, on Saturday, but none of a later date than those which arrived in the course of last week. One of them states, that an English frigate with emigrants and arms on board, had been lost on the French coast; we trust this account will appear to have been unfounded.

A report has prevailed in Paris to the effect of what is stated in an extract of a letter from Sicily, namely, that a squadron sailed for the Mediterranean some time since, from L'Orient and Rochefort:—this also lacks confirmation.

According even to the Paris papers it does not seem that the new plan of a constitution which has been published, is genuine.

Lord Bridport's fleet has again returned to port.

We are assured by an officer recently returned from looking into Brest, that the French force in that port consists of 33 sail of the line, and the Spanish of 19 of the same description, which account materially corresponds with others received from authorities believed correct.

The Prince of Orange packet which brought the Hamburgh mail, also brought a French messenger, Citizen BRUNÉERE, with dispatches, a Portugueze courier, and Mr BAILLIE, a King's messenger. It was strongly reported in London on Sunday, that the dispatches from France contain proposals for peace; and, in corroboration of this, we have been informed that a gentleman in this city, holding a high official situation, received letters yesterday from London, mentioning that it was probable a peace might soon be expected.

We are assured that the produce of wheat, in the north western part of America, is beyond all precedent great, and selling for 13½d. per bushel, notwithstanding orders to a large amount had been received for the supply of the English market.

The public will learn with much pleasure, that the prices of grain have fallen considerably in the London market. Wheat is down full 6s. and oats 7s. per quarter; and even with these declensions the sales were very dull, the buyers expecting a still greater reduction.

The quantity of the new copper coinage is certainly much more than is necessary for the common purposes of circulation. It is a fact worthy of notice, that 1400 tons of copper, coined at the present standard, would be sufficient to furnish eight millions of people with sixpence each. The whole of the copper coined in this country to the time of George the Second, and including his reign, before the base copper came into circulation, did not exceed 1000 tons, and the deficiency was complained of. The quantity of base copper coin, now in circulation in this country, is estimated at upwards of 2000 tons.

His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales has made a present of a Scotch Horn, very beautifully mounted in gold, with a Scotch pebble at the top, to the Marquis of Huntly, as a proof of his esteem for the gallant conduct of that young Nobleman in Holland. There is an inscription on the lid in Erse to the following purport: "The son of the King, to his friend the son of the Duke of Gordon."

We have Dublin papers of the 5th, 6th, and 7th inst. They contain no news of importance. NAPPER TANDY and his Associates are still detained in custody there.

The Russian Concert yesterday in George's Street Assembly Rooms, for the benefit of the Public Kitchen, produced 46l. 6d. Mr BOAZ's exhibition 21l.

On Tuesday last, the Sub-Committee appointed to digest regulations for the Public Kitchen established in this city, gave in their report to a General Meeting of Subscribers. It was ordered to be printed, and is now, we understand, in the press for the information of the inhabitants, and of such other towns or villages as may intend to erect similar institutions.

A Correspondent asks, "In the present times when grain and provisions of all kinds are so scarce and dear, and the wants of the poor so great, would it not be proper for those who are in the habit of using hair powder to give up the use of it, whilst the present scarcity continues?—It certainly consumes a vast quantity of wheat, which at present might be much better applied. Our correspondent adds, that he is happy to notice that Lord CORNWALLIS has prohibited the use of it by the troops in Ireland, and hopes the laudable example will be immediately followed in this country." (The writer of the above and several of his friends have adopted the above plan.)

On Thursday evening last, an alarming fire broke out in a warehouse, in the Castle Gable, Perth, which entirely consumed the same. Luckily the property is insured in the Sun and some other Offices.

On the 6th of November last, Mr ALEXANDER BOWER, Preacher of the Gospel, was admitted to the pastoral charge of the Relief Congregation at Aberdeen.

On the 5th current, the College of St Andrews conferred the degree of Doctor in Medicine on Mr ALEXANDER ANDERSON, Surgeon of his Majesty's ship Leviathan.

The Leslie Volunteers, commanded by Captain WILLIS, were on Thursday last inspected by the Right Honourable the EARL of DALKEITH, Colonel of the 4th regiment of North British militia, who was pleased to express his approbation of their state of discipline.

On Sunday arrived in Leith Roads the Iris frigate, Capt. BRISCA, with the Eliza, STEWART, and Mannie, DOBBIE, from Petersburgh, and several other ships from the Baltic. The ships came from Elsineur about ten days ago with a fleet of about 150 sail, under convoy of the Iris frigate, two sloops of war, and an armed ship. When the fleet made the coast, Capt. Brisca made the signal for their separating into four divisions, one of the sloops of war taking charge of the ships bound for Liverpool, another the ships bound for London, &c. the armed ship the vessels bound from Hull, &c. and the Iris took charge of the ships bound for this Frith and the neighbouring ports.

Tuesday evening, a sailor belonging to an American vessel now in Leith Harbour, beat a woman in her own house in Leith, so cruely with a stick, as to occasion her death. We have not heard the cause of his conduct, but he has been apprehended and committed to prison.

A correspondent who has kept, for several years past, a correct journal of the weather, has sent us the following statement of dry days during the present year—

	Days.		Days.
January -	17	July -	13
February -	9	August -	7
March -	18	September	12
April -	10	October -	10
May -	17	and	
June -	21	November	14

By the above statement our readers will find, that, of 334 days, 148 only have been free from wet, and that 186 (constituting a majority of 38 days) have proved rainy!

MARRIED,

At Edinburgh, on the 10th inst. JAMES WALKER, Esq. Wine Merchant, to Mrs MAJOR NAPIER, daughter of the Rev. Robert Cuninghame of Balgownie and Bowerhouse.

BIRTH

The Lady of Sir HECTOR MACKENZIE, of Gairloch, Bart. of a son, at Conan house, on the 1st curt.

DIED

At the house of Sir John Dalrymple, Bart. WILLIAM DALRYMPLE, only son of Lt. Col. Samuel Dalrymple of the 3d guards.

At Edinburgh, 7th Dec. Mrs CHRISTIAN SHAIRP, spouse of Captain Peter Forbes of the Royal Navy, and daughter of Thomas Shairp, Esq. of Houstoun, deceased.

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICIARY.

Monday, came on before the High Court of Justiciary, the trial of ANDREW HOLMES, accused of breaking into the shop of Philip Taylor, spirit-dealer, Lawn-market, on the night between the 9th and 10th of March last, and stealing from thence 70l. in cash and notes;—of breaking into the shop of Alexander Livingstone, grocer, Crosscauseway, on the night between the 13th and 14th of May last, and stealing from thence upwards of 15l. in copper-money;—and of breaking into the shop of Mrs Spottiswood, in the Grass-market, on the night between the 20th and 21st of May, and stealing from thence some snuff-boxes, and several parcels of razors.

Mr DOUGLAS, for the pannel, made no objection to the relevancy of the libel, but stated at considerable length the manner in which the pannel had become acquainted with a gang of young thieves, and that he alone remained in custody for trial, although he was by no means guilty of the heavy crimes laid to his charge.

The first witness called for the prosecution was PHILIP TAYLOR, spirit-dealer, who swore that his shop in the Lawnmarket was broke into late on Saturday night, the 9th, or early on Sunday morning, the 10th of March last, from the back area, by a window which looks into James's Court, which he did not discover till the Sunday forenoon, when he went to fetch a pair of gloves he had left in the shop. He was the last person in the shop the preceding night, and is sure it was properly locked. The window by which the thieves had entered, was secured by a cross bar, which was broken off. On the Sunday he entered the shop by the street door, and found things in much disorder; an attempt had been made to burn a middle door between the fore and back shop, but that not succeeding, it had been burst open. Upon opening the shutters, he found that the shop had been broke into, and his desk, as well as the till forced open, and their contents carried away. His desk contained 60l. in notes and gold, and the money carried off amounted in all to about 70l. He found a lady's cap and some false hair, in the shop, which he identified, and a small penknife. He had two torn 5s. notes, which were likewise taken away, but on the Monday he found half of one of them (a Falkirk note) which he meant to throw away; but his wife advised him to keep it, and he did so. The counterpart of this note he afterwards saw, in two pieces, in the Sheriff Clerks Office. Mrs Taylor, Bailie Hill, Mr Gardner, apothecary, and Mr Main, painter, were in the shop after the discovery was made, and saw the state in which it was found.

Mrs TAYLOR corroborated her husband's evidence, respecting the breaking into the shop, the torn note, &c.

The evidence of Mr GARDNER, apothecary, and Mr MAIN, painter, went to confirm that of Mr and Mrs T. respecting the confusion in which it was found, the marks of violence on the middle door, &c.

Miss GRACE STEWART, milliner in Edinburgh, said, in March last, on a Saturday night, she was returning from the Theatre, and in coming along the North Bridge, near Mr Izett's shop, she was met by three riotous young men, who pulled off her bonnet, and the handkerchief over it, and ran away with them. Some days after, having seen some handbills respecting the robbery of Taylor's shop, and knowing the head dress from the description to be her own, she went to the shop, where she saw her bonnet and handkerchief. She identified them in court.

JAMES HISLOP, drummer in the 1st regiment of Royal Edinburgh Volunteers, was next called. It was objected to this witness, that he was not more than 13 years and 10 months old. The Court repelled the objection. After a very proper exhortation from the Lord Justice Clerk, the witness was sworn, and said, That on Saturday night, about seven o'clock, he met the prisoner and one Menelaws, at the head of the North Bridge, and went with them to a public house, foot of the Canongate, where they staid till 11 o'clock. In coming up street, Menelaws proposed to break open Taylor's shop head of the Bow.—They went thither, and got through an old house into Taylor's shop, by a back window. The witness was helped up by the other two, and after lifting the sash, forced open the shutters with his hands and feet; all the three went in. Menelaws afterwards went out and brought a lighted candle. They broke open a door, which they had first attempted to burn, and afterwards forced another. Menelaws forced open a desk with a knife and took out a considerable sum of money, which he divided among them. They also drank some spirits.

The witness got a 5s. note, much torn, that night, half of which he preserved, but dropped it purposely in the close where his mother lives, in the Castlehill, fearing a discovery. It was found by a lodger of his mother, but afterwards seized in the house by a sheriff officer. He got 7l. of the booty for his share which he hid in Todd's old tan-work, but never got it again. He says the pannel got part of the money from Menelaws. After the robbery they dispersed, but he saw Holmes and Menelaws next day. Witness also swore, that after coming from the Canongate they went along the North Bridge, when he (witness) pulled off a lady's head-dress, which he afterwards left in Taylor's shop. On the Sunday, Currie, a baker, who is acquainted with the pannel, called at his mother's, and said he suspected that Menelaws, the pannel, and the witness, had broke into Taylor's shop, and if he did not give him some money, he would go to a magistrate and inform. He gave no money that day, but did the next, and confessed the robbery.

ROBERT CURRIE, journeyman baker—Witness knows the pannel and Menelaws. Heard of Mr Taylor's shop being broke into; was in Mrs Hislop's house on the Sunday, between eleven and two; does not recollect whether he went to see the mother or the son, or both. He asked the son whether he had seen Menelaws. He had no money from Hislop that day; but some days after received four 5s. notes, by Menelaws's orders he believes; knows not why the money was offered to him, but was by this time informed of the robbery of Taylor's shop. Saw Holmes on the Monday. On the Sunday night was with Menelaws, Holmes, Ramage, and Hislop, in a house of bad fame in the Cowgate, and saw Menelaws and Hislop had money, as they paid the bill. In the course of the week some of the three owned the robbery of Taylor's shop, and also that they had taken a lady's head dress on the North Bridge.

It having appeared evident to the Court, that this witness prevaricated in giving evidence, and refused to tell the whole truth, he was sent to prison.

JOHN M'LEOD, a private in Col. M'Leod's regiment, heard Menelaws repeatedly acknowledge, before Holmes, that they had broken into Taylor's shop, and taken 50l. out of it.

WILLIAM RAMAGE heard of Taylor's shop being broke. Thinks that Menelaws told him, he, Holmes, and Hislop, had broke into it, and got a deal of money. On the Sunday Menelaws gave witness a note, which he said would help him on his road, as he was going away on the Monday.

Mr LIVINGSTON, grocer, Cross-Causeway, said his shop was broken into by the back window. About 15l. mostly copper, carried off, and two bad dollars. His watch-dog died two days after; supposes him to have been poisioned.

JAMES HISLOP, a former witness, again called, said, he, Menelaws and Holmes, broke into Livingstone's shop, after robbing Taylor's.—He met with them on the street; they went to the Cross-Causeway; entered the shop by a back window; had a candle, found a great deal of copper money. The money was hid in holes in the Meadows; he got 1s. 6d. of it. Knows that Mrs Spottiswood's shop was broke into, but was not present. Menelaw's and Holmes were; and some days after witness got a snuff-box and two razors, which Menelaws said were taken out of said shop. He hid them in his mother's house, but they were afterwards found by the officers. Remembers M'Leod in the Meadows with Menelaws and Holmes, looking after the copper that had been hid.

JOHN M'LEOD, again called, said, Menelaws (in the presence of Holmes,) told witness that he, Holmes, and Hislop had broke into Livingstone's shop, and taken 12l. The witness afterwards went to the Meadows where they got up the copper money out of the ground, and carried it off in their aprons to the back of the castle, in which the witness assisted. Menelaws told the witness that he and Holmes had broke into Mrs Spottiswood's shop in the Grassmarket, and they went to the Meadows where the witness saw some razors which were concealed there.

MARGARET LENY heard Holmes and Hislop say, they had broke into Livingstone's shop, and carried off a considerable sum in copper in a bag which they had concealed at the back of the Castle, near Wallace's Tower. Heard Menelaws and Holmes say that they had broke into Mrs Spottiswood's shop; both of them had snuff-boxes in their pockets, and M'Leod had a razor, and heard Menelaws and the pannel say a number of razors were hid in a field. Was at this time drinking with Menelaws, pannel, and M'Leod.

Mrs SPOTTISWOOD said her shop was broke into the end of May. The window-shutters were broke, and several things taken away, but she could not tell the amount.

WM. CROOKS and JOHN BONNAR, servants to Mrs Spottiswood identified several parcels of razors produced.

DAVID KENNEDY, sheriff officer, searched Mrs Hislop's house, and found a bad dollar, and half a five shillings Falkirk note. On a second search he found a snuff-box. Holmes whom he apprehended in the Meadows, escaped from him, but was retaken; there were found on him some snuff-boxes, and between 5s. and 6s. in penny and halfpenny pieces.

WILLIAM MIDDLETON, sheriff officer, searched Holmes's father's house, where he found a bad dollar, and afterwards went with M'Leod to a garden west of the Meadows, where a bag was taken out of the ground, with parcels of razors in it, which bag he identified. M'Leod also took the witness to the back of the Castle, near Wallace's Tower, but nothing was found there.

JOSEPH MACK, sheriff-substitute, identified the five shilling's note, and the pannel's declarations. Cross-examined, said the pannel, at the emission of his first declaration, seemed much agitated, and at his second declaration fell on his knees to the witness and Mr Scott, requesting to be admitted as a witness against Menelaws, which the witness said could not be, but advised him to tell the truth. There was no promise of reward made to the boy Hislop on his examination.

Mr SHERIFF CLERK and Mr ROSE, writer, also identified the declarations, which were then read, and closed the evidence for the Crown.

For the pannel the only witness called was JAMES WATT, bookbinder, who said Holmes was with him for 15 or 16 months as an apprentice, and till within a short time of his apprehension. He had no doubt of his honesty, and would take him back if acquitted of this charge. Since he left his service, some weeks before his apprehension, he had never seen him till now.

The Jury was then charged on the part of the Crown by the Lord Advocate, and for the pannel by Mr J. P. Grant. The Lord Justice Clerk summed up the whole in a candid and impartial speech. The Jury were then enclosed, and appointed to return their verdict on Tuesday, after the rising of the Court of Session, which they accordingly did, all in one voice finding the pannel *guilty* of the two first charges in the indictment, and by a plurality of voices found him also guilty of the third charge.

When the Jury returned their verdict, it was recorded; after which the Chancellor rose and addressed the Court, saying, "he was instructed by the Jury to state, that, from the facts established by the witnesses, they had found the prisoner GUILTY, but they begged leave to request of their Lordships to recommend him to the Royal mercy, on account of his youth, and that it appeared he was not the principal leader in these depredations."

Lord JUSTICE CLERK, in very strong terms, expressed the high opinion he entertained of the jurymen who from time to time were called upon to discharge that important duty in this city; and, indeed, added his Lordship, the jurymen in Scotland at large. The verdict which had been returned in the present case, was certainly fully sanctioned by the facts which had been proved by the several witnesses adduced in the trial. As to the application which had been made to the Court, to recommend the prisoner to his Majesty's mercy, he was sure it was the inclination of all their Lordships to pay every attention to any request coming from the Jury, but he was sorry to say, and he now stated it for the information of all Juries, that the Court could not interfere in this respect. Had the crime been such as to admit of a punishment in the discretion of the Court, an application by the Jury for their Lordships to inflict a lenient sentence, would no doubt have met every attention. The pannel's friends, said his Lordship, will, however, find a mode of conveying the recommendation in his favour to the seat of mercy.

After his Lordship had concluded, the prisoner addressed the Court, in a few words, to the following effect:—

"My Lords, I throw myself entirely on the mercy "of the Court, and I hope your Lordships will have "some compassion on me, for I am a very young man, "and have been led away by bad company. If you "would be so good as put any corporal punishment on me, or transportation, I would be very "much obliged to your Lordships."

These few words he delivered with great simplicity, but evidently with so much earnest anxiety, as depicted in strong colours the painful feelings of his mind. He is about 16 years of age.

LORD JUSTICE CLERK addressed the prisoner in language peculiarly adapted to his awful situation. He reminded him of his past conduct, which had brought him to his present unhappy condition; he admonished him to employ the short time he had to live in a proper manner, and informed him that the Reverend Clergy in the city and neighbourhood would readily afford him their assistance. After many other salutary advices, his Lordship concluded by pronouncing the sentence of the law, appointing the pannel to be hanged at the usual place of execution, on the 22d January next.

Counsel for the Crown.—The LORD ADVOCATE, and JOHN BURNET, Esq.—*Agent* HUGH WARRENDER, Esq.

For the Pannel—JOHN PETER GRANT, and GEORGE DOUGLAS, Esqs. Advocates.—*Agents* Messrs A. LISTON RAMAGE, W. S. and ALEX. GRANT, junior, Writer in Edinburgh.

ROBERT CURRIE, journeyman baker, who was a witness on this trial, was then brought to the bar, for prevaricating on oath before the Court. After delivering their opinions, their Lordships ordained CURRIE to be imprisoned till the 18th inst. on which day he is to stand on the pillory from twelve to one, with a label on his breast with the following words, "For gross prevarication, and concealment of the truth upon oath."

EDINBURGH PRICES OF MEAL, Dec. 10.

Lothian Oatmeal, 190 bolls. South Country, —

Mid Lothian per Boll.	South Country per Boll.	Prices per Peck.
First, L. 1 13 9	First, L. 0 0 0	First, 2s 2d
Second, 1 13 0	Second, 0 0 0	Second, 2 1½
Third, 1 12 6	Third, 0 0 0	Third, 0 0

PRICES IN EDINBURGH MARKET, Dec. 11.

Beef, per lb.	5½d	Butter, per lb	1 s 4 d
Mutton,	6 d	Potatoes, per peck	1 s 0 d
Veal,	6 d	Eggs, per dozen	1 s 2 d

CUPAR CORN MARKET, Dec. 5.

Wheat	from	L 1 12 0	to	L 1 17 0
Barley	—	L 1 1 0	—	L 1 3 0
Oats	—	L 1 3 0	—	L 0 0 0

KELSO PRICES OF GRAIN, Dec. 6.

Wheat 48s od to 60s od	Barley 36s od to 42s 6d
Pease 0s od to 0s od	Oats 28s od to 34s 6d
Per boll of 6 Win. bushels.	Per boll of 7½ Winc. bush.

BERWICK PRICES OF GRAIN, Dec. 7.

Per boll of six Winchester bushels.

Wheat 85s od to 90s od	Barley 29s od to 34s od
New do 55s od to 60s od	Oats 24s od to 27s od

SOUND INTELLIGENCE,

PASSED DOWNWARDS.

Nov. 27. John, Stewart, from Petersburgh to Dublin, hemp.
29. Latona, Jamieson, from ditto to London, sandries.
Athol, Rait, from Riga to Dundee, hemp.

The homeward bound trade are still detained here by contrary winds.—Wind W. N. W. moderate weather.

Elsineur, 30th Nov. 1799. HOWDEN & CO.

ARRIVED AT LEITH.

Dec. 7. Hope, Charteris, from Riga, goods—Commercial Packet, Turner, from London, ditto—Tweed Packet, Ord, from ditto, ditto—Peggy and Susan, Christie, from Liverpool, salt—Merchant, Stenhouse, from Gottenburgh, goods—Janet, Wilson, from Banff, ditto—Ann, Sinclair, from Gottenburgh, ditto—Peggy, Kirk, from Dantzic, ditto—Admiral Duncan, Buchanan, from Greenock, ditto—Bacchus, Brown, from Hamburgh, ditto—Fanny, Baird, from ditto, wheat—Two Brothers, Jarrett, from Arundel, goods.

—— 10. London and Berwick Packet, Ward, from London, goods—Berwickshire Packet, Laws, from ditto, ditto—Jean, Fraser, from Ayr, ditto—Maria, Jamieson, from Glasgow, ditto—Eliza, Stewart, from Petersburgh, ditto—Urania, Dobie, from ditto, ditto.

—— 11. Leith and Liverpool Packet, Young, from Hamburgh, wheat—Union Packet, Paterson, from London and Berwick, goods—John's, Hutton, from Hamburgh, ditto—Delight, Birnie, from Shetland, ditto—Jean, Keltie, from Hamburgh, ditto—Adventure, Sibbald, from ditto, ditto—Five sloops with coals.

CLEARED OUT.

—— 11. Peggy, Reid, for Arbroath—Two Sisters, Bentzew, for Mandahl—John, Small, for Glasgow—Elizabeth, Hunter, for Greenock, all with goods.

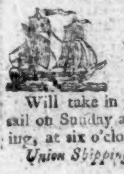
Wind S. E. blowing fresh.

SALE OF HOUSES AND GARDENS AT NEWINGTON, CAUSEWAYSIDE,

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, in Elliot's Sale-Room, opposite the Cross, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 18th December curt. at one o'clock afternoon, in the following lots,

I. THE HOUSES, OFFICES, and GARDEN, possessed by Mrs Haig.—The dwelling-house, which consists of three stories, is an excellent modern building, suited to accommodate a genteel family. The garden, measuring about 32 falls, is inclosed on two sides with a high wall, and at the bottom of which is situated a neat little summer-house of two apartments, one of which is decorated with shell-work in a very tasteful manner. The whole commands a beautiful prospect of Arthur Seat and the surrounding country. There is an excellent pump-well, to which the premises will have a right in common with the purchasers of the other lots.—It is at present rented so low as L.410; but with very little improvement a considerable rise would be obtained.

II.—The DWELLING-HOUSES and Two Gardens, possessed by Mess. Orr baker, Morrison land-surveyor, Berry, and others, renting about L.23. There are two neat little houses in this lot, each fit to accommodate small families, and two Gardens, besides Green Plots fronting the houses, which, being bordered with thriving trees, gives the front a most rural appearance. The garden possessed by Mr Morrison is surrounded on two sides with a good wall, and there are in it a number of fruit trees, and currant and gooseberry bushes, which bear plentifully. The garden possessed by Mr Orr has been laid out lately in a very handsome manner, and is of sufficient dimensions to afford a quantity of flowers and garden stuffs. The measurement of this lot, including the side of the houses, is about one rood and eleven falls.—The premises are well adapted for the country residence of a gentleman, who, being engaged in business in the city, would wish to have his family situated in country quarters within ten minutes walk of the Cross. The tenants will shew the premises; and for particulars intending purchasers may apply to Alexander Ferrie, writer, Royal Exchange, who is possessed of the plan and title deeds of the subjects.



AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,
The Union Shipping Company's armed Smacks,
ELIZA PACKET,
FRANCIS ORD Master—and
BERWICKSHIRE PACKET,
JAMES LAWS Master,

Will take in goods, the former till Saturday evening, and sail on Sunday afternoon; and the latter till Wednesday evening, at six o'clock, when she will sail.

Union Shipping Company's Office, Leith, Dec. 12. 1799.

SEQUESTRATIONS, &c.

Creditors of JOHN MORTON, Shoemaker in Kilmarnock, to meet in John Bryan's, vintner there, on the 27th December, at noon, to consider on an offered composition.

—— JAMES ROBERTSON & Co. Manufacturers in Glasgow, to meet in the Star Inn there, on the 25th December, at one P. M. to decide on an offered composition.

—— Lieutenant EVAN MACPHERSON, formerly at Cullachie, to meet in Robert Allan's, accountant, North St David's Street, Edinburgh, on the 30th December, at one P. M. to give instructions respecting important matters.

Examination of ALEXANDER SCOTT, Manufacturer in Glasgow, on the 27th December and 10th January, at noon, in the Sheriff Court-house there.—Creditors to meet in the Black Bull Inn, Glasgow, on the 11th January, to give instructions to the trustee.—Claims to be lodged before the 30th August.

TO THE CREDITORS OF

ARTHUR BUCHANAN, Tenant in Kirkettle.

WILLIAM SCOTT MONCRIEFF, Accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee upon the sequestrated estate of the said Authur Buchanan, requests a meeting of the said Creditor's, in John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 18th December curt. at 12 o'clock noon, when matters of importance will be laid before them.

TO THE CREDITORS OF

NEIL MacGRUGOR, late Grocer and Seedsman, Fisherrow.

ALL whom Neil MacGrugor stood indebted are requested to lodge their claims, with oaths of verity thereon, with Duguid and Lawrie, merchants, Edinburgh, betwixt and the 1st January next. Not to be repeated.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,

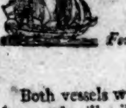
The Old Shipping Company's Smack,

LONDON AND BERWICK PACKET,

JEREMIAH WARD Master,

Will take in goods till Saturday evening, and sail on Sunday at two o'clock afternoon.

Old Shipping Company's Office, Leith, Dec. 11. 1799.



AT LEITH,

For Kingston and Old Harbour, Jamaica,

THE SHIP MORELAND,

ROBERT LIDDELL Master;

AND

For Rio Bueno, Martha Brae, and Montego Bay,

THE SHIP LADY FORBES,

DAVID GOURLAY Master.

Both vessels will be ready to take in goods the 1st of December, and will sail the 1st of January in company.

The Moreland and Lady Forbes are provided with letters of marque, are well armed, copper sheathed, and have good accommodation for passengers.

Apply to WM. SIBBALD & CO.

N. B.—Clerks, Mechanics, Tradesmen in general, and those bred to Husbandry or Country Work, may go by the above ships on favourable terms.

SHIPS FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the house of John M'Kechnie, vintner in Greenock, on Friday the 20th inst. betwixt the hours of one and three o'clock afternoon, if not previously disposed of by private bargain,

THE FOLLOWING VESSELS

Belonging to the sequestrated estate of A. and J. Robertson and Co. merchants, Greenock,

The Ship Lady Shaw Stewart, burthen per register 202 72-94th tons.

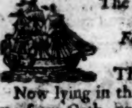
The Ship Canada, burthen per register 205 49-94th tons.

The Brig Britannia, burthen per register 131 4-94th tons.

Inventories to be seen by applying to Alexander Dunlop, merchant, Greenock, factor on the estate, who is ready to treat for the sale of any of these vessels by private bargain.

GREENOCK, 3d December 1799.

For Black River, Savanna-la-Mar, Lucea and Green Island, JAMAICA,



The SHIP NEPTUNE, Captain BRADSHAW;

AND,

For Rio Bueno, Martha Brae, Montego Bay, Lucea and Green Island

The SHIP ELIZABETH, Capt. RASSIDE,

Now lying in this harbour, and will sail with the first convoy from Cork, or second from England.

For freight or passage apply to John Finlayson, Glasgow, or Campbell, Ruthven, & Co. here.

Wanted for Jamaica,

2 CARPENTERS, 2 COOPERS, and
2 MASONS, 2 BLACKSMITHS,

Greenock, December 8, 1799.

Judicial Sale of Three Hundred and Forty Acres

OF THE

FOREST OF CULROSS,

CONSISTING OF WOOD OF FORTY-THREE YEARS OLD.

To be exposed to SALE, by auction, on Thursday the 16th day of January 1800, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon, by authority of the Lords of Council and Session,

THREE HUNDRED & FORTY ACRES of the FOREST of CULROSS, consisting of FIR WOOD of forty-three years old, in the lots, and at the upset prices following, *viz.*

Lots.	*Measure.*	*Upset Prices.*		
1	6.520	L. 748	7	2
2	5.230	591	16	5
3	5.	480	19	6
4	5.110	488	12	9½
5	5.880	560	1	7½
6	6.750	622	8	11
7	6.900	588	19	7
8	6.100	517	3	3½
9	6.60	559	8	10
10	6.	555	14	11
11	5.350	370	6	3
12	5.500	447	4	0
13	6.330	507	16	6
14	6.750	606	2	10
15	1.600	104	8	9½
16	7.050	435	19	7½
17	7.500	543	0	0
18	7.	457	0	4½
19	4.400	212	17	9
20	4.900	402	15	7
21	4.800	400	18	0
22	4.900	418	15	11½
23	53.600	4675	7	10
24	33.920	2351	10	10½
25	64.100	3151	10	9½
26	45.30	2502	4	2
27	18.	1187	4	4

The acre, at an average, contains about 3500 cubic feet of measurable wood, and 6000 running feet of Pit wood. The measurable wood is only valued at 6d per cubic foot, and the Pit wood at one farthing per foot. The Forest is situated within a mile and a half of the sea, and a good road is now making and pier building for the more readily transporting the wood when cut, for which purpose a proper time will be allowed.

The Forester will shew the premisses; and the articles of roup, with a plan of valuation of the Forest, are to be seen in the office of Mr Bruce, depute clerk of Session, and Robert Watson, writer, Park-street, agent in the Sale, will fuinish intended offerers with printed copies of a report of the value and different lots of the Forest, and give any other necessary information.

The Sale of this Wood has at different times been unavoidably delayed, but the Exposers have reason to believe that it will proceed on the day advertised.

TIMBER AND HORSES FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by public roup, at Gartmore, upon Thurſday the 19th December 1799,

A Conſiderable Quantity of TIMBER, conſiſting of Aſh, Elm, Plane, Beech, Hornbeam, and Oak, moſtly of a large ſize, great part of which is already cut down, and it will be expoſed in lots to ſuit tradeſmen.

Alſo to be SOLD (if not previouſly diſpoſed of) ſome BLOOD HORSES, BROOD MARES, COLTS, FILLIES, and HACKS.

The timber is conveniently ſituated at little more than half a mile from the river Forth, by which it may be eaſily conveyed to Stirling and other places to the eaſtward.

The ſale will begin with the horſes at ten o'clock forenoon; and further particulars may be learned by applying at the houſe of Gartmore, or to Peter Gordon writer in Gartmore.

FARM IN THE COUNTY OF PEEBLES.

TO BE LET,

For such a number of years as can be agreed upon,

THE Valuable FARM of WAKEFIELD, lying in the parish of Linton, and county of Peebles, as presently possessed by William Paterson. The entry to the Farm to commence at Whitsunday next.

The tenants on the lands will show the farm.

For further particulars application may be made to Craufurd Tait, W. S. Edinburgh, with whom offers may be lodged on or before the 1st of March.

TO BE LET,

For One Year from Candlemas next,

THE EXTENSIVE GRAZINGS of the KING's PARK, comprehending the Hills of Arthur's Seat and Salisbury, the Low Grounds at the Wells of Weiry, the Easter Riggs Park, the two West Parks, and the Duke's Walk. As also, the Meadow, from which the earliest cut grass in the neighbourhood is produced.

George Hinmars, the tenant, will show the grounds; and Joseph Cauvin, writer to the signet, will treat with any persons who incline to take the whole or parts of the premisses.

ESTATE OF DRUM,

In the immediate vicinity of Edinburgh.

THESE LOTS of the foresaid Lands and Estate, formerly advertised to be sold by public roup, still remaining unsold, will now be disposed of by private bargain; as to which application may be made to Charles Fozard, residing at Drum, or Robert Dundas, writer to the signet.

Edinburgh, 27th November, 1799.

KINCARDINE-SHIRE.

To be SOLD by Public Roup,

THE ESTATE of NETHER BENHOLM, in the parish of Benholm, and county of Kincardine.

The time and place of sale, with other particulars, will be afterwards advertised. Intending purchasers may, in the mean time, be satisfied as to any information they desire, by applying to Alexander Burnett, Esq. of Strachan, Sheriff-depute of Kincardine-shire, or Patrick Orr, Esq. of Bridgeton, near Montrose, two of the trustees appointed by the now deceased David Scott, Esq. late of Netherbenholm.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

SALE OF LANDS AND SUPERIORITES

In the County of Dumfries.

On Thursday, the 30th day of January 1800, between the hours of one and three afternoon, there will be exposed to SALE by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh,

I.—THE LANDS of BROOMILL, lying in the parish of Lochmaben, and near the Borough. They are bounded partly by the Broomill or Halleaths Lake, and partly by the River Annan and Water of Kinnel, in which the tenants exercise their right of Fishing Salmon and Trout without rent.—The extent of these lands is about 262 acres, and they are possessed by four tenants, who pay 120l. of rent, under leases which expire at Whitsunday 1814. They are pleasantly situated, and very improveable. They hold of the Crown, and are valued in the cess-books at 171 merks.

II.—A DALE of CROFT LAND, and a STABLE, BARN, and YARD in the Borough Roods of Lochmaben, presently possessed by John Miller and Robert Jardine.

III.—A SKAIR in Brow or Ward Part of the Ten Pound Land of Annan, and lying in the immediate vicinity of the town of Annan, possessed by John Smith.

IV.—The following FEU-DUTIES of LANDS and HOUSES in and about the Town of Annan, *viz.*

	Feu-Duty, Sterling.		
1. The Lands of Mounie's Close	L. 2	12	9
2. The Houses possessed by William Elliot	2	15	0
3. The Houses possessed by the late Geo. Palmer	5	0	0
4. Houses possessed by William Stewart's disponees	5	0	0
5. Houses possessed by the said William Stewart's disponees	2	0	0

V.—The SUPERIORITIES of the following LANDS, and FEU-DUTIES payable for the same, *viz.*

	Feu-Duty, Sterling.			
1. Robgill, Broadlee, and Blackyet, in the parish of Dornock	L. 13	13	4	
N. B.—These give a Freehold Qualification on the old extent.				
2. Dunninghill, in the parish of Cummertrees	0	1	1	4-12
3. Mossknow and Righeads, in the parish of Kirkpatrick-Fleming	1	2	2	8-12
4. Steelhill, Herdhill or Hardhill, in the same parish	0	4	1	8-12
5. Todlemuir, in the parish of Lochmaben	4	14	5	8-12
6. Northfield, Hardrigs, and Gullielands, in the parish of Annan	0	6	8	

The land will be shown by the tenants; and for further particulars application may be made to Mr William Stewart at Hillside, near Lockerbie; Mr Keith, accountant in Edinburgh; or Mr Crawfurd Tait, W. S. Edinburgh.—The articles of roup, title-deeds, and plans of the lands, will be shown by Mr Tait.

Those wishing to purchase by private bargain, may give in their offers between and the day of sale.

SALE OF LANDS IN EAST LOTHIAN.

To be SOLD by private Bargain,

THE very valuable Lands and Estates of FANTASSIE, HOUSTON, HOUSTON-MILN, LINTON, LINTON-MILN, EAST FORTUNE, MYRESIDE, and GOODFELLOWS LAND, lying in the county of Haddington, altogether in one lot; or, as several applications have been made for a division of the estates into lots, the proprietor will now treat for a sale thereof, in the following lots, viz.

LOT I. Comprehending the Lands and Estate of Fantassie, lying in the parish of Prestonhaugh, on the south side of the river Tyne, and the Lands lying between the river and the estate of Smeaton, all as at present in the occupation of Mr George Rennie, with the Waulkmiln of Houston, possessed by Andrew Meikle, containing 352 A. 1 R. 9 F. of very rich land, together with the Salmon Fishings belonging to said lands.

LOT II. The Lands of Linton, with the Miln of Linton, at present under lease to Mr Rennie, consisting of 121 acres and 33 falls, with the feus of Linton and Common belonging thereto, all lying on the north side of the river Tyne, and within the parish of Prestonhaugh.

LOT III. The Lands and Estate of East Fortune, Myreside, and Goodfellows Lands, lying in the parish of Atholstoneford, and consisting of 675 acres, as at present possessed by John and James Howdens.

These Lands are delightfully situated in the richest and most beautiful part of East Lothian, and are in the highest state of cultivation. They lie about twenty miles from Edinburgh, and about five miles from Dunbar and Haddington.

The river Tyne divides lots first and second, on each of which there is a Miln, and a command of water, with an eligible situation for carrying on an extensive Manufactory, and the high road from Edinburgh to London intersects the property.

On Lot first there is a valuable Limestone Quarry, wrought by the tenant, affording an abundant supply of lime, not only for his own farm, but also for sale, and which the proprietor has also an unlimited power to work for his own account, on paying surface damages.

The greater part of the Village of Linton and a Distillery are situated on Lot second, and the proprietor, besides the 121 acres before mentioned, has right to a Common in the neighbourhood, containing 60 acres of very improveable land, subject to certain servitudes of pasturage.

The tack duty of the above lands, which is at present only from 900l. to 1000l. consists chiefly of wheat, barley, and oats, payable either in kind, or in the option of the proprietor, at the rate of the highest fiars for the county of Haddington, but as the subsisting leases were agreed on about forty years ago, and for grassums paid by the tenants, the present rent is no rule by which to estimate their value, as they would yield at least three times the present rent on the expiry of the leases.

On each of the Lots there are substantial Dwelling Houses and Farm Steadings, which belong to the proprietor, and there are several beautiful and most eligible situations for a Mansion.

It is supposed that there is Coal on each of the Lots, but particularly on Lot third, and were coals to be wrought on this estate, it would yield a very great rent to the proprietor

The Lands hold of the Crown, and stand valued in the cess books at 2196l. 18s. 4d. Scots, affording five freehold qualifications within the county of Haddington.

The title deeds, rentals, and plans of the estates, may be seen in the hands of James and Alexander Frasers, writers to the signet; and any person desirous of purchasing by private bargain, may transmit their offers to Alexander Shand, or Alexander Crombie, advocate in Aberdeen.

—H A Y.—

To be SOLD, 14 miles East from Edinburgh,

ABOUT 3000 Stone of good Clover and Rye Grass HAY, crop 1797. It must be driven by the purchaser.

Apply to Mr James Yule at Ormiston, or James Hope, W. S. Prince's Street.

A VALUABLE COAL TO LET.

THE COAL and COALWORKS belonging to the Town of Dunfermline, to be LET on a LEASE, for such number of years as may be agreed on—Entry at Whitsunday next, but as a new Winning will be necessary, the tenant is to have liberty to commence his operations immediately.

This Coal is well worthy the attention of Coal Masters. It contains one of the finest fields of coal in Fife, and the crop having only hitherto been wrought, it may by means of an Engine, afford very ample returns for the expence of machinery. From the quality of the coal, the vicinity to the Town of Dunfermline, and other local advantages, it will always command a ready sale; and being only betwixt 3 and 4 miles from the sea, it may also be sold for exportation.

Farther particulars, with a plan of the Colliery, and a report made by an experienced Surveyor, may be learned, upon application to Robert Hutton, Town Clerk of Dunfermline, or to Thomas Scotland, W. S. to either of whom offers may be transmitted, betwixt and the 1st day of January next.

COUNTY OF FIFE.

Mill, Mill Lands, and Stations for Machinery and Bleachfields.

To be LET for such a number of years as can be agreed upon,

THE MILL and MILL LANDS of AUCHMUTIE, in the parish of Markinch, and county of Fife.—The mill lands consist of twenty Scots acres, and as they lie along the south bank of the river of Leven, possess the command of the whole water in that river, and have the advantage of a fall of considerable height. There are few situations better adapted, either for stations for Machinery, or for Bleachfields. They will be let either in one or more lots, as offerers shall incline.

The mill and mill lands are situated in the immediate vicinity of the coal-works of Balbirnie, where there is a plentiful supply of coal at a cheap rate, about one English mile from the populous and thriving villages of Leslie and Markinch, about eight miles from Kirkcaldy, and four from Dysart, and at the distance of a quarter of a mile from the great road leading from Kirkcaldy to Cupar.

Further information will be got upon applying to Mr Robert Beatson of Piteadie, near Kinghorn, or Craufurd Tait, writer to the signet, Edinburgh; to whom offers may be made between and the 1st day of February next, when the subjects will be let.

Nov. 1799.

FARMS IN FIFE TO LET.

To be LET for nineteen years, and entered to at Martinmas 1800,

THE following FARMS of the ESTATE of RAMORNIE, lying on the post road from Kinghorn to Cupar, within five miles of the county town, and in the immediate vicinity of coal and lime.

	Acres.	*R.*	*Falls.*
In the Parish of Kettle.			
Pitrachnie, containing,	75	0	0
Ramornie Mill Farm,	117	2	26
Wester Ballingall,	162	0	35
In the Parish of Colessie.			
Hetherinch,	89	3	30
Lawfield,	79	0	4

The Mill on Ramornie will also be let either separately, or with such quantity of the farm as may be convenient.

John Forrest, forrester at Ramornie, will point out the alterations made in laying out the farms, and will give every necessary information. Offers may be sent, on or before the 31st of March next, to James Heriot, writer to the signet, Edinburgh; or to the forester, by whom they will be forwarded.

To be LET, and entered to at Whitsunday next, upon transfer to a lease now current,

THE FARMS of BRACKLOCH, and MAINS of OLD CALDER, as presently occupied by Mrs White, lying within the parish of Calder, and county of Nairn, within three miles of the town and harbour of Nairn, and six from the garrison of Fort George. The Farm consists of about 139 acres, all completely inclosed and subdivided by stone dykes and thriving hedges. Upwards of 100 of these acres are arable, and the remainder may be made so at a very small expence, as the soil of the whole farm is a rich cam, and produces the best crops of all kinds in that neighbourhood. There is also upon the farm a substantial slated lodging, sufficient to accommodate a genteel family, with a complete set of office-houses, a pigeon-house, and a large garden, well stored with very productive fruit-trees of the best kinds. The lease to be transferred is for the lifetime of Mrs White, the present occupant, and for 21 years certain after her death; and afterwards for the life of Captain White, her son, if he should survive that period. And there is annexed to [illegible]e privilege of casting peats, in an inexhaustible moss, within less than half a mile of the farm steading.

For particulars respecting the transfer of this valuable and commodious lease, application may be made to Mrs White, at Brackloch, by Nairn, Mr Andrew Watson, W. S. Edinburgh, or Mr Hay, Sheriff Clerk of Nairn, who will shew a plan of the farms, and point out the various accommodations annexed to them.

From a NOBLE EARL,

To Mr CHING, *Apothecary, Cheapside, London.*

SIR,

I Understand from my apothecary, that the effect of your WORM MEDICINE on my servant was complete in removing an obstruction in the first passages and bowels, but there was no appearance of worms. She had been unable to get up from her bed for above nine weeks. If she lay down or stood up the pain about the region of the stomach was encreased. She had not eat solid meat for many weeks. Every medicine that two physicians and an able apothecary could venture to prescribe was given her, but without proper effect.—The warm bath alleviated the pain, but was only a temporary relief. After taking your Medicine two days in succession, she got up, and began to eat meat, and, from that time, she mended apace. Whenever the bowels are obstructed, your Medicine alone relieves her.—I am, Sir,

October 24. 1799. Your humble Servant.

Though Mr CHING is not at liberty to insert the name of the Noble Earl, he has obtained his Lordship's permission to shew the original letter to any of the Nobility who may doubt the authenticity of the above.

From an eminent APOTHECARY of the first respectability in Oxford,

To Mr CHING, *Apothecary, Cheapside, London.*

SIR,

I feel it my duty to communicate to you, and to the Public, the extraordinary benefit I have received from your WORM LOZENGES. In the year 1793 I first perceived symptoms of worms, and from that time, till within these last three months, I have been constantly afflicted with them: reduced, languid, deprived of appetite and strength, I applied to the most eminent of the Faculty, but in vain. Entertaining, I must confess, but little hopes of any permanent relief, I was induced, by the celebrity of your Medicine, to give it a fair trial, and, on taking one box, I perceived the most favourable and astonishing change; my appetite improved daily, my complexion, *from a deep yellow*, recovered its former healthy appearance; and, on continuing your Medicine, I have obtained a radical cure. Having recommended your invaluable Lozenges to Dr Chapman, head of Trinity College, and Mr Bliss, head beadle of the University, I have permission to use their names with mine, as having been thoroughly cured.—I am, Sir,

Oxford, Oct. 18. 1799. Your much obliged Servant,
JOHN IRELAND.

As opening Physic, on all occasions, Ching's Patent Worm Lozenges are peculiarly efficacious; it also cleanses the stomach and bowels of that acrid slime with which they are frequently loaded: and, by dislodging those crudities, is the means of restoring the body to health and strength.

Sold, Wholesale, at CHING and BUTLER's Medicinal Warehouse, Cheapside, London; sold also by

Mr R. SCOTT, Apothecary, South Bridge, Edinburgh; Mess. Landale and Co. Dundee; Dickson, Dumfries; Craigie, Montrose; Garden and Innes, Aberdeen; Macdonald, Glasgow; Morison, Perth; Browning, Paisley; Alexander, Dunfermline; Dempster, Cupar-Fife; Nimmo, Greenock; Whiteside, Ayr; and by the most respectable venders of Patent Medicines in every town in the three kingdoms, *with printed directions signed by the Patentee*, in boxes at 5s. half boxes 2s. 9d. and for the benefit of the poor in packets at 13½d.

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE BARGAIN,

THE LANDS of WESTER CHAPELLAND, and several other acres of Ground lying in the Burgh of Culross and its vicinity, extending to 20 acres or thereby. There is a valuable stratum of fire clay on the premisses, which can be easily wrought, and for which a ready market can be found. The clay will be sold either jointly with the grounds, or by itself, as purchasers incline; and the acres will be sold together or in lots.

Alexander Muir at Culross, will show the subjects; and for particulars application may be made to Joseph Cauvin, writer to the signet.

LANDS TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE BARGAIN.

THE Lands of NUNLAND and GATE, lying within the [illegible] parish of Lochrutton, and stewartry of Kirkcudbright. The [illegible] lands consist of about four hundred and twelve Scotch acres, [illegible] 523 English, and lie within between three and four miles of Dumfries. They are completely inclosed and subdivided with sufficient stone dykes, and the new turnpike road from Dumfries to Portpatrick goes through them. They are bounded on the one side by the Water of Cargen for about a mile, on which there are various situations proper for the erection of Cotton Mills, with a sufficient command of water for driving the machinery at all seasons of the year; and the proprietor has liberty of resuming for that purpose whenever he chuses, and at a fixed rent, six acres of the lands lying along the side of the water. There is abundance of marle upon the premisses. The present rental, which is very low, is only about 214l. Good substantial slate dwelling-houses and offices are built upon three of the farms. The proprietor has right to the teinds, which are valued, and nearly exhausted by the present stipend.

For further particulars enquire at John Clark, the proprietor at Dumfries, or John Tait, junior, writer to the signet, Queen Street, Edinburgh. The tenants will show the lands.

ESTATE OF COLINTON TO BE SOLD.

To be SOLD, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 20th day of December curt. betwixt the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and BARONY of COLINTON, lying in the Parish of Colinton, and Shire of Edinburgh.

The Estate will be exposed together, or in lots, as follows:—

LOT I.—To consist of the Inclosures adjoining to the Lands of Dreghorn, on the west side of the road from Colinton to Redford, consisting of 71 acres, three roods, twenty falls, or thereby, English measure.

LOT II.—To consist of the Inclosures adjoining to the Lands of Redford, lying on the south side of the road from Edinburgh to Colinton, consisting of 86 acres, 1 rood, 24 falls, or thereby.

LOT III.—To consist of the Inclosures lying on the east side of Patties Road, adjoining to the Lands of Redhall and Craiglockhart, consisting of 33 acres, 2 roods, and 7 falls, or thereby.

LOT IV.—To consist of the Mansion-house and Grounds surrounding the same, with the Banks and Planting upon the water of Colinton, consisting of 84 acres, 1 rood, and 28 falls.

LOT V.—The Paper Mill and Grounds presently set in tack to Mr John Balfour.

LOT VI.—The Barley Mill, with the Dwelling-house and Grounds presently possessed by Mr Fairbairn, at the rent of 70l. Sterling. The tack of this mill expires in four years, when a very considerable rise of rent may be got.

LOT VII.—The Houses and Buildings in the village of Colinton, possessed by Mr Wight, as a Magnesia Manufactory, at 1l. 10s. of rent. This tack also expires in a few years, when a great addition of rent may be expected.

LOT VIII.—The Superiority of the foresaid Lands, and of a Small proportion of the Lands of Pilrig, affording together a Freehold Qualification in the County of Mid-Lothian, to which there is a feu-duty attached of 4l. 9s. Sterling.

This Estate contains more natural beauties than perhaps any property in Scotland. On each of the first four Lots there are fine situations for building. The grounds lie within three miles of Edinburgh, and the roads are remarkably good.

Intending purchasers may apply to William Dallas, W. S. who will show the title-deeds, plan, and rentals. Mr Dallas has power to conclude a private bargain, betwixt and the day of sale, either for the whole or any of the Lots.

LUMLAITHEN.

UPSET PRICE REDUCED.

SALE OF LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF FORFAR, *WITH A FREEHOLD QUALIFICATION.*

To be SOLD by public roup, in the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Tuesday the 24th day of December, betwixt the hours of two and three afternoon,

THE ESTATE of LUMLAITHEN, for some time called FINTRY, in the parish of Monyfieth, and county aforesaid. The lands contain about 430 acres, 70 or 80 of which are in wood and pasture, and the remainder arable. The house is large and commodious, and, with some alterations and repairs, may be made a most convenient and comfortable residence for a large family.

The farm offices are uncommonly complete and substantial. The whole estate is completely inclosed and subdivided, and is in the highest state of cultivation, and (except a small detached part let to substantial tenants) may, together with the house, garden, and offices, be all entered to at Martinmas first. The plantations are in the most thriving state, and the situation, on the banks of a remarkably fine trouting stream, adorned with hanging woods, is uncommonly beautiful, dry, and healthy, There are two roads to the turnpike leading from Dundee to Arbroath, Montrose, &c. by different approaches to the house, which is only four miles distant from the former populous and thriving town, remarkable for its excellent markets. The grounds, as well as the adjoining country, abound in game. The distance from the sea is only a mile and a half, by an excellent turnpike road, terminating in a fishing town, where there is excellent sea-bathing, and where coal and lime can be imported, and grain shipped, and adjoining to which there is a tract of links and sands for twelve miles along the shore, excellently adapted for riding or airing in all seasons. The estate affords a Freehold Qualification, and the rent roll and valuation put on it (the greater part not having been under lease for upwards of fifty years) by persons of the most acknowledged skill, are to be seen in the hands of Mess. Fothringham and Pearson, writers to the signet, who will treat for a sale by private bargain.—The title-deeds are complete.

The house and lands will be shown by William Corsar, overseer on the spot.

The whole Farm Stock and Crop may be had by a purchaser at a valuation; or if this should not be agreeable, the same will be disposed of by public roup, immediately after the sale of the lands.

SALE OF LANDS IN AYRSHIRE.

Upset Price reduced from L.8500 to L.6500.

THE ESTATE of SAUCHRIE, lying within the parish of Maybole, and shire of Ayr, is to be exposed to public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Thursday the 16th day of January, 1800, between the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon.

This estate consists of 755 English acres, and is three miles distant from the town of Maybole, six miles from Ayr, and about the same distance from coal and lime, to which there is easy access by good roads. The free yearly rent (the public burdens being trifling), is 254l. which must rise considerably on the expiry of the present leases. About 300 acres of the lands are inclosed and subdivided. The fields are in general well watered, and sheltered with hedge-rows of old trees, and broad belts of planting. There are nearly 40 acres of wood on the estate, of very considerable value, great part of which may be cut and thinned at present, with much profit and advantage.

The mansion-house is delightfully situated, with suitable offices, and an excellent garden, the whole being calculated for the accommodation of a genteel family. The farm houses are new and substantial. A purchaser may enter to the immediate possession of about 60 acres of valuable land, surrounding the house. The estate and neighbouring country abound with game, and a fine trouting stream runs through the lands. A more desirable country residence is not at present to be found.

This estate is held feu of the Prince; the lands are not thirled to any mill, and the teinds are valued and exhausted. An accurate measurement and plan of the property has been lately made, with an estimate of its value, including the growing timber upon the estate; and, with the title-deeds and leases, may be seen in the hands of Alexander Young, writer to the signet, No. 48, Queen Street, Edinburgh.

A copy of the plan and measurement may likewise be seen in the hands of Thomas M'Clelland, writer in Ayr, who will furnish every other necessary information; and the house and grounds will be shewn to any person who may apply for that purpose, at the mansion-house of Sauchrie.

Offers for a sale, by private bargain, will received by Mr Young, any time betwixt and the day of